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HISTORY

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PAGE COUNTY, IOWA,

FROM THE EARLIEST SETTLEMENT, IN 1843,

TO

THE FIRST CENTENNIAL OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, JULY 4, 1876,

INCLUDING

A PERIOD OF THIRTY-THREE YEARS.

BY

E. MILLER,

EX-COUNTY SURVEYOR, AND SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC
SCHOOLS, PAGE COUNTY, IOWA.

13156

CLARINDA, IOWA:
HERALD BOOK AND JOB OFFICE.
—1876.—

INTRODUCTORY

1813501

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INTRODUCTION.

WHEN a witness takes the stand, it is proper to interrogate him in regard to his means of knowledge concerning the facts of which he speaks.

The writer, like many other boys, without having any fixed object in view, wandered through this County as early as 1850;—saw Page County for the first time;—stopped over night with James Campbell;—next day (Sunday) called at a religious meeting held by the Cumberland Presbyterians at the house of Maj. R. W. Stafford;—passed on by Boleware's Mill;—crossed the river, and took dinner with Hendrix Lee in the grove. Lee's house was the only house west of the Nodaway River, except two or three cabins on the Tarkio; in one of these—S. F. Snider's—the writer took shelter for the night. Here he inquired for Coonville (now Glenwood) and Kanessville, (now Council Bluffs) but no one had ever passed through that way. He turned for Rockport, Mo.,—or Lindon, as it was then,—and, in company with two or three others, reached the point where Mr. Alexander Montgomery was raising his house; stayed here only a few moments, and passed on alone for Walden's Grove. Here late in the afternoon and in the evening he was initiated in the arts of war with prairie fires. His efforts were successful, and he enjoyed the hospitalities of the Walden family. Next day he started for his home in Buchanan County, Mo. He reported to his friends, and they came to see this newly discovered region. These friends liked the country, and emi-

grated in the spring of 1851, and they finally induced the writer to return. This time, on foot, he explored the country from the Tarkio to Coonville and Kaneshville, and finally, in 1852, makes Page County his home. From that date to the present writing, a period of twenty-four years, he has been engaged in business which has called him to almost every section and quarter-section corner in the County, and at least once to every school house in the broad domain of the "Kingdom of Page."

And, having passed from the hiss of the rattlesnake at his feet in the Indian trail, and from the howling of the wolf at his cabin door—from the scenes of assault on his country's flag, and from the drawn sword—he, by the blessing of an invisible Providence, has lived to see the flag honored, and the sword returned. He has lived to see agriculture brought to a state of perfection never before witnessed—education raised above the caprice of ignorance—commerce untrammelled, and Christian liberty tolerated.

E. MILLER.

Clarinda, Iowa, July 4, 1876.



PAGE COUNTY.

ITS HISTORY FROM THE EARLIEST SETTLEMENT TO
THE PRESENT TIME.

THE north half of the territory of which Page County is now composed was once held by a tribe of Indians known as the Pottawattamies. The south half of the County was held by the Sac and Fox Indians, and was included in the purchase made by the government in the year 1836, known as the Platte purchase, which extended to the north line of Missouri, which line was the base of township 69; but after considerable litigation the true north line of Missouri was established through the southern tier of sections in township 67. Until this line was established (1851) the few settlers paid tribute to Missouri, and were considered under the jurisdiction of that State.

The difficulty about the State line of Missouri and Iowa was caused by the following mistake: The point of commencement at first should have been at the "rapids" on the Des Moines River, instead of at the "Des Moines rapids," on the Mississippi River, making a difference at the starting point at the "rapids" on the Des Moines River of about nine miles.

The boundaries of Page County are as follows: On the north by township line between 70 and 71; on the east by the range line between ranges 35 and 36; on the south by the north line of Missouri aforesaid; on the west by the range line between 39 and 40. Or on the north by Montgomery County; on the east by

Taylor County; on the south by the Counties of Nodaway and Atchison, in the State of Missouri; and on the west by Fremont County, Iowa.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

East and west, the County is twenty-four and three-fourths miles long, including the "jag," which makes it appear as if the northern half had been slipped three-fourths of a mile west. North and south, it is about twenty-two and one-half miles, including an area of 555 square miles, or 355,200 acres.

The surface is uneven, gently undulating with hills and valleys. The County is drained by Buchanan Creek, a stream about twenty feet wide; the East Nodaway River, about fifty feet wide; the West Nodaway River, about one hundred feet wide; the East, Middle, and West Tarkios, each about twenty feet wide; by the East Nishnabotna, about seventy-five feet wide, and by their various tributaries. These principal streams flow in a direction a little west of south. (See map). The valleys on each of these streams correspond in width with the size of the stream—the widest, those of the West Nodaway and Nishnabotna, being from three to four miles wide;—yet the boundaries between the bottom and uplands are not very well defined, being, in many cases, a gradual rise from the bank of the stream to the top of the divide. In some cases, however, the bluffs approach the streams more abruptly.

The valleys of the Nodaways and the Nishnabotna are unsurpassed in beauty and fertility, and only equaled by the gently undulating portions of the uplands.

WATER.

Water is abundant in every portion of the County and of the best quality. Good springs can be found

on almost every section of land in the County. Well water is excellent and abundant, and can be obtained at a depth of from ten to forty feet.

TIMBER.

Timber is more abundant in the eastern part of the County, the area in timber and prairie being about equally interspersed; but in the central and western part the timber is chiefly confined to the streams. The kinds of timber are black oak, burr oak, hickory, walnut, linn or basswood, ash, and cottonwood, interspersed with grapevines. The undergrowth is hazel brush, interspersed with thickets of wild plum.

COAL.

Coal is found in considerable quantities on the East and West Nodaways. These beds of coal supply the County with fuel. Limestone is found in abundance on the Tarkio, and on the tributaries of the Nishnabotna.

GRASSES.

Grasses may be divided into two classes, to-wit: Slough grass, which grows in the low bottom lands to the height of five or six feet. *Note.*—This grass was used extensively by the old settlers for weatherboarding and shingles. The blue-stem, which, for a great many purposes, is a grade better than timothy or blue grass, grows luxuriantly all over the high lands from ten to thirty inches high. This grass is used extensively for hay and pasturage.

CLIMATE OF THE FOUR SEASONS.

That of the spring is usually chilly, with occasional winds and rains from the east. Spring opens usually about the 1st of April. The summer is usually pleasant; sometimes, however, a few days in July the mercury has stood as high as 98°; but the average for

the summer season would perhaps be 75° Fahrenheit. The autumn is the most pleasant season in the entire year; it is usually dry, and always delightful. The first frosts occur usually about the 1st of October; then Indian summer, usually, to December 1,—sometimes even until Christmas, though this is not always the case. Sometimes winter comes before Capricorn comes up to the sun, or Cancer looks Polaris directly in the face. The severity of the climate does not depend so much on the moon as upon the wind; if the wind be in the northwest, the weather is, in winter, usually cold. Sometimes snow storms occur; these come from the northwest and northeast. The winter season is always dry, and the mercury ranges from 70° above down to 22° below zero. (See record of the cold winter of 1856-7). Some accounts, however, have been seen of the mercury's having been lower than that given here; but even 22° below zero is very unusual.

HEALTH.

Upon this subject there is but one voice, and that is that it is decidedly healthful—no dissenting voice, nor anything in the visages of the inhabitants, will contradict this saying. (As the Dutchman expressed it: "It would be healthier to die here than it would be to live in many other places.")

FARM PRODUCTS.

Grain—Wheat, rye, oats, corn, flax-seed. *Vegetables*—Potatoes, (Irish and sweet), onions, etc. *Stock*—Hogs, cattle, and sheep. *Fruit*—Apples, peaches, plums, pears, and cherries. There is no County in the United States that produces a better quality of apples than Page County. The raising of peach orchards has been discouraged, but it is now conceded, and it has been clearly shown, that the peach crop seldom fails.

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE.

The meridian 95° west of Greenwich, (pro. Grinij) England, and 18° west of Washington is exactly two miles east of the eastern line of Clarinda, and the County lies between parallels 40 and 41 north latitude. Hence, Clarinda is in latitude $40^{\circ} 42'$ north, and longitude $18^{\circ} 3'$ west from Washington.

SURVEYS.

The government surveys, except parallels and meridians, township and range lines, took place as follows:

TOWNSHIP	RANGE	BY WHOM SURVEYED.	WHEN SURVEYED.
67	39	Warren Reed.*	December, 1845.*
67	36	Thomas Monroe.*	January, 1846.*
67	37	Wm. Shields.	June, 1852.
67	38	Wm. Shields.	June, 1852.
68	36	A. Carpenter.	June, 1852.
68	37	A. Carpenter.	June, 1852.
68	38	A. Carpenter.	June, 1852.
68	39	John S. Shiller.	November, 1851.
69	36	Wm. Dunn.	November, 1851.
69	37	Wm. Dunn.	November, 1851.
69	38	Thomas D. Evans.	September, 1851.
69	39	Thomas D. Evans.	June, 1852.
70	36	Wm. Dunn.	October, 1851.
70	37	Thos. D. Evans.	June, 1852.
70	38	Thos. D. Evans.	June, 1852.
70	39	Thos. D. Evans.	June, 1852.

A star [*] Indicates that the survey was made under the Surveyor General of Missouri.

HISTORY OF PAGE COUNTY.

FROM 1843 TO 1876.

NOTE.—This History will be divided into four periods, as follows: *First*, The period of the early settlement up to the organization of the County, in 1851. *Second*, The period from the organization of the County to the breaking out of the War of the Rebellion, in 1861. *Third*, The period from the breaking out of the War of the Rebellion to its close, in 1865. *Fourth*, The period from the close of the War to the present time, 1876.—*Author*.

FIRST PERIOD—FROM 1843 TO 1851.

THE first settlements were made prior to any of the surveys, and were about as follows: In what is now known as Buchanan Township, in 1843, by G. W. Farrens, Henry D. Farrens, and David M. Farrens, near the spot where Mr. G. W. Farrens now lives. Soon after settlements were made by William Hardee and G. W. Hardee. The first white child born in the County was Perry Hardee. Larkin Thompson moved into the Township about the time the Hardees came. Settlements were also made by Pike Davidson in 1845, by Wayne Davidson, William Shearer, Sr., and Wm. Shearer, Jr., Jacob Bottenfelt, John Snodgrass, Robert Snodgrass, and Daniel and John Duncan about the same time, and by John Griffee and Thos. Nixon in 1850.

EAST RIVER TOWNSHIP.

That part of East River, as it was included in Nodaway Township at its organization, was settled in 1843 by Larkin Thompson, near where Mr. Alexander Davis now lives. In 1844 W. R. Stafford, Josiah

Thompson, Jesse Majors, and Moses Thompson settled near where Mr. Campbell now lives. Then followed Jacob Fruits, "Boss" Fruits, Mr. Gamble, and "Jerry" Teters in 1845. About this time E. Walters, settled the claim on which Shambaugh's mill now stands. Mr. Stonebreaker built the mill in 1847. In 1849 Capt. R. F. Connor bought the mill from Stonebreaker's heirs, and sold one-half interest to Mr. Rinehart. Philip Boleware bought Rinehart's interest, and finally the other half interest from Mr. Connor in 1851. In that year Samuel Nixon bought a claim near where Alex. Davis now lives.

NEBRASKA TOWNSHIP.

This Township was settled by Joseph Buckingham (who died in 1872) Jno. Buckingham, Joshua Buckingham, John Daily, and Mr. Vise, in 1845. In 1847 Elisha Thomas built the first mill at the site afterward known as Hawleyville, and Sylvester Thomas, the first Treasurer and Recorder of the County, lived here. An incident occurred before the settlement of this part of the County, as early as 1835, the facts of which, as nearly as can now be stated, are that one Lieutenant Buchanan, belonging to a company of U. S. dragoons then stationed at Ft. Des Moines, was drowned in the East Nodaway, just above Hawleyville. Fragments of the tombstone are yet to be seen, from the half obliterated inscription on which we learn that the unfortunate young officer formerly resided at Winchester, Virginia. Buchanan Creek was named for the gallant dragoon who was supposed by the early settlers to have been drowned in its waters, they mistaking that stream for East River. A. B. Quimby settled the farm now owned by Robert Rawlings, April 22, 1848. That was the most northern settlement at that time in the County, John Ross settled in this Township in 1847, and John Rose came

in 1848. George Baker bought the claim on which John McDowell now lives of Martin, in 1850. Edward Hollis settled the place where he now lives about the same time. Aaron Quimby was appointed Prosecuting Attorney until the first election took place under the Code, at which time W. L. Birge was elected. At the first election there were fifty votes polled. In regard to the population a story is told of a gentleman, whose name is somewhat obscure, who applied to the County authorities at Austin, the county seat of Fremont County, to solicit the appointment of Organizing Sheriff. He was asked, "What is the population of Page County?" "'Coonskins and wolf scalps," was the reply. "But what is the census of the County?" was the next question. "They say that I have as much sense as any one in the County." It is believed that Capt. Connor and L. Lingenfelter are unitedly responsible for this story, though there are no doubts entertained of its correctness. Connor was at Austin himself and heard the story.

Elisha Thomas was the first County Surveyor. Henry McAlpin settled at the mill near Hawleyville in 1851. A. B. Quimby and James Foster went to St. Joseph to mill in 1851, the freshet having washed out the mill in that neighborhood. Thos. Buckingham, in the fall of 1849, started to Maryville, Mo., for one dollar's worth of coffee, but not finding any at Maryville, he went on to Savannah, and returned that evening about midnight. Claiborne McBee settled where Samuel Gorman now lives, as early as 1851. Wm. Robbins settled near Hawleyville as early as 1851. He was the second Sheriff of the County.

HARLAN TOWNSHIP.

Harlan Township was settled by Hendricks Lee, in 1844, and by Alexander Tice, "Doe" Franklin Parker, Ezra Heady, and Edmond Chestnut in

1850. Chestnut is the man who said that if he could not get more than \$2 per hundred for his bacon, he would "sit up o' nights and eat it!" If he had lived a little earlier in the history of the County, he might have had plenty of help at a very trifling expense.

LINCOLN TOWNSHIP.

Lincoln Township was first settled by Squire F. Snider and Wm. Lavinger, in 1846. Snider settled on the farm now owned by George T. Loy, and Lavinger on the one owned by G. R. Davidson. No other settlements were made in the Township until that made by John L. King, in 1850. In 1851 H. H. Litzenburg settled on the Lavinger place, Wm. Loy on the Snider farm, and Joshua Akin near the same spot. The same year (1851) Samuel Phifer and Samuel Peters settled near the mouth of Snake Creek, and were followed soon after by Joshua Skinner, on the place where he now lives. He and the rest above mentioned saw the government surveyors cut out their portions of the unsurveyed territory.

COLFAX TOWNSHIP.

The first settlement made in this Township was by Alexander Montgomery, in 1850. Some, if not all, of the citizens of Tarkio and Lincoln Townships collected and raised his house.

FREMONT TOWNSHIP.

Fremont Township was settled at Hadden's Grove, in 1850, by John Pellham and John Hadden. John Stafford settled at Stafford's Grove, the same year. John Pellham built a horse mill and ground for the settlers.

PIERCE TOWNSHIP.

Pierce Township was settled in 1850 by a man named Stillman and one Nathan Lewis. The first plow used in Pierce Township was a wooden mould-

board, covered with gar skins. The builder was either Stillman or Lewis.

NODAWAY TOWNSHIP.

Nodaway Township, as it is now, bounded on the north by Douglas and Valley Townships; on the east by Nebraska; on the south by East River and Harlan, and on the west by Tarkio—including a portion of that which is properly Harlan Township—was first settled by Isaiah Hulbert, in 1850, on the spot where Mr. Allen Collins now lives, or the Neff farm.

SECOND PERIOD—FROM 1851 TO 1861.

NEXT comes the organization of the County. The County was organized in 1851. William Hudson was Organizing Sheriff. The first election was held at William Hardee's—called Hardee's Corners, under the laws known as the "Blue Book." S. F. Snider, John Duncan, and Wm. Shearer were the County Commissioners. Jno. Buckingham was Clerk. At this time there were but two Townships in the County—Buchanan, running up to the divide between East River and Buchanan Creek, and Nodaway, including all the other portions of the County.

At the house of Philip Boleware the first District Court for the County was held September 22, 1851, Judge Sloan presiding. Dr. A. H. Farrens was Clerk and Maj. R. W. Stafford Sheriff. This Township was also the seat of the judgeship, as Capt. R. F. Connor was the first County Judge—elected in 1851. This Township, (Nodaway) now East River, remained the seat of justice until September 8, 1853. (See account of Nodaway as it is now). The first store in the County was in the house of Philip Boleware, owned by Joshua and Clark Brown. The second election was held here. At this time (1851) the code of Iowa took ef-

feet, and Capt. Connor rode to Austin, in Fremont County, for a copy of the first code of Iowa.

After some years, Nodaway Township was divided, and the west half of the County was set off and known as Tarkio Township. Nebraska Township was organized about the same time.

The next settler in Nodaway Township after Hurlburt was Henry D. Farrens, who came in the spring of 1852. W. R. Stafford came in the fall of the same year, and Wm. Lavering about the same time. Soon after John Dodson settled the place where Mr. Thomas Jones (colored) now lives—afterward owned and improved by Job Loy.

Nothing occurred to excite or disturb the minds of the few inhabitants until the meeting of the Legislature in December, 1852, at which time an act was passed, which was as follows:

AN ACT TO APPOINT COMMISSIONERS TO LOCATE THE SEAT OF JUSTICE OF PAGE COUNTY.

Be it Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa, That John Scott and Thomas M. Garden, of the County of Fremont, and Jacob Miller, of the County of Taylor, be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners to locate and establish the seat of justice for the County of Page. * * * and that the name of said seat of justice shall be Clarinda.

Approved, December 22, 1852.

In accordance with this authority the above-named Commissioners located the said seat of justice on the northwest quarter of section 31, township 69 north, and range 36 west. The County authorities immediately pre-empted the same in the name of the County. In May, 1853, the said quarter-section was laid out into lots, as it appears on the plat to-day. The town was laid off under the direction of Wm. L. Burge, Prosecuting Attorney and acting County Judge, by E. Miller, surveyor; John Snodderly, Sr., and Ben. Dodson, chainmen, and Robt. W. Stafford, axeman. In the summer following there was a public sale of lots. The lot on which J. D. Hawley's store,

the First National Bank, and R. E. Hill's hardware store now stand, brought the highest price. They were bought by R. W. Stafford for \$15. The other lots around the square sold for \$2.50 each, or at least three sold at all did.

At this time Wm. L. Barge lived in a log shanty where Mr. J. H. Powers's residence now stands. The first little shanty that was on the present site was brought from the spot where Mr. A. Larson's house now stands, and had been used for a school house, in which new term had been taught by Mrs. Farnow. It is now claimed by good authority that Mrs. F. bought in the shanty after it was moved. The little house above mentioned was removed to the place now occupied by J. W. Callietie, and used for the accommodation of the first District Court held in the County seat of Page County, which Court was held September 6, 7, and 8, 1853. Hon. Allen A. Bradford, was the Judge; E. Miller, Clerk; William Robbins, Sheriff. The attorneys present were L. Linscott, B. Hunter, Joseph Sharp, Wm. M. Daws, Mr. McCracken, and John Wilson, Prosecuting Attorney. Thos. M. Gordon was admitted to the bar. The names of the grand jurors were as follows: Jesse Majors, William Hardee, Colby Simmons, Daniel Duncan, John Duncan, Sylvester Thomas, Franklin Parker, Jas. Thompson, Miss Thompson, Peter A. Griffey, Philip Hildware, John Fisher, Wm. Shearer, John Rose, and James Tice—none qualified to serve as grand jurors, etc. James Murray and Milton Randolph were the constables in attendance. At this time it required about all the men in the County to compose the juries, as the following list for the April term, 1854, will show: Maj. Stafford, P. A. Griffey, Jesse Majors, Hiram Litzenburg, Alex. Davis, John Fisher, James Tice, Franklin Parker, John Bosch, Doug. Lattier,

Milton Randolph, Joshua Buckingham, E. B. Johnson, Peter Baker, and G. W. Hardee.

The first sermon was preached, and the first settlement was made, in the town by Rev. S. Farlow, of the M. E. Church, in the old court house shanty before mentioned, which, at the time the sermon was delivered, was used as a dwelling by the minister aforesaid.

Mr. B. B. Hutton moved to the place where he now lives in November, 1853. In the spring of 1854 settlements began to increase. Isaiah Hulbert sold his farms to Lewis Neff and Isaac Vanarsdol, and moved to the little shanty formerly occupied by the District Court. In April Isaac Vanarsdol camped on the ground and began to build. E. Miller began to improve the claim west of Vanarsdol, which claim he bought of Samuel Farlow, for \$6. Vanarsdol and Miller raised their cabins on the same day. John H. Polesley built a cabin on the farm now occupied by H. N. Cramer. The first strangers who entered Vanarsdol's cabin were Mr. J. H. Powers and Dr. H. C. Brandt, in company with S. F. Snider. Mr. Powers bought the McBee property and several lots in town, and returned to his home in Indiana.

Early in the summer of 1854, Camp & Conn commenced selling goods in the old court house shanty. This summer the "old cottonwood" school house was built, and E. Miller taught school. This was the first school taught on the town site of Clarinda of which there is any original record. Late in the season Gordon & Townsend sent a wagon load of goods into town. Judge Snider and family were the only persons then living in town. In September, 1854, James Shambaugh bought the goods of Gordon & Townsend and opened a store on the north side of the

square. Jacob Loy, Sr., Jacob Loy, Jr., and Henry Loy began to improve where Mr. John McLarnon now lives. Next year, 1855, J. H. Polsley commenced selling goods on the south side, and in the fall Mr. J. H. Powers returned with his family and bought Shambaugh out. Soon after this Thomas Veach and Cyrus Powers began to build shanties, and Frederick Fisher, Mr. Palmer, and Louis Shultz arrived in the County. Soon after Mr. George Ribble and family arrived. About the same time Rogers & Hinchman, of Savannah, Mo., started a store on the northwest corner of the square, and were finally succeeded by Hinchman & Murphy.

The first attorney in the Township, except Burge, was a Mr. Dodge, who soon left. The first physician in the town was Dr. J. L. Barrett, who came in 1854, and who has been a regular practitioner at Clarinda from that day to this. Dr. Kridelbaugh came in September, 1855. J. J. Barwick was the first resident attorney; this was in 1854. Dr. A. H. East was the next attorney to make his appearance. Settlements now were made in different parts of the Township. School was taught in the fall of 1855, by J. H. Wilson. In the spring of 1856 Dr. J. H. Conine established an office in town, and Judge Simonton settled on the frontier, a way out two and a half miles west of town, on the farm now occupied by Jacob Pfander. Mr. Martin and David Abbott were now the most western settlers in the Township, and the only ones in that direction this side the Tarkio. Charles Pfander settled about the same time. Some time during the spring of 1856 Kridelbaugh & Douglass started a drug store, and in 1857 Douglas was succeeded by Ribble, and in the spring of the same year John R. Morledge established a law office in town.

The following are the names of citizens who made

original entries at the Land Office at Council Bluffs living and having lived in Nodaway Township :

George Baker,	R. F. Connor,
John Buckingham,	Ellis Edmonds,
Joseph Buckingham,	A. H. Farrens,
Wm. L. Burge, Co. Judge,	Young Farris,
H. D. Farrens,	George Fisher,
Wm. C. Frazier,	Samuel B. Johnson,
Isaiah Hulbert,	Jacob Loy, Sr.,
Abijah Hampton,	Archibald Little,
Job Loy,	William Loy,
Wm. Lavering,	Henry Loy,
Jacob Linebaugh,	William Lavering,
Franklin Parker,	James McCowan,
W. Robbins,	Claiborne McBee,
S. F. Snider,	E. Miller,
Moses Thompson,	Tilna Nealeigh,
H. C. Brandt,	Levi Nealeigh,
Joshua Brown,	Charles Pfander,
Philip Banks,	A. Pfander.

The first newspaper published at Clarinda and in the County was the *Page County Herald*, Shoemaker & Co., proprietors, and bears the date of May 26, 1859. From the columns of this journal the following items have been taken :

The County officials were: County Judge, Isaac H. Walker; District Clerk, Lewis H. Wilder; Sheriff, Jacob Loy; Deputy Sheriff, Jacob Simonton; Treasurer and Recorder, R. F. Connor; Superintendent of Schools, B. B. Hutton; Drainage Commissioner, James A. Jackson; County Surveyor, Elijah Miller; Justice of the Peace, Thos. M. Bowen.

The young ideas were taught how to shoot by J. H. Wilson and Miss S. J. Woods.—Dr. T. Wallace was on hand to cure sore eyes; James Craig was ready then, as now, to furnish the people with fresh bread, and “pies an’ things;” Loran & Cooper, D. Polsley, John Wilson, and Polsley & Veach were prepared to supply the wants of customers with dry goods, no-

tions, etc.; C. W. Foster made the housewife glad with new tin, copper, and sheet-iron ware, and kept the old ware from leaking; T. B. Chamberlain had new plows and wagons; Ribble & Kridelbaugh and Dr. Conine sold drugs; Drs. N. L. Van Sandt and S. H. Kridelbaugh announced themselves in readiness to cure the ills to which mankind was subject; people could have their wills made, or other legal business attended to, by Chas. Linderman, Thos. M. Bowen, Rector & Harvey, (Sidney firm), S. T. Chittenden, John R. Morledge, and G. W. Friedley. The preachers were W. S. Peterson, A. J. Fishback, and Mr. Stockton.—A meeting of the members and stockholders of the Page County Agricultural Society was called with George Ribble as President and S. H. Kridelbaugh as Secretary.

HISTORY OF THE TOWNSHIPS AS THEY WERE SETTLED.

Buchanan, East River, Nebraska, Tarkio, Pierce, Fremont, and Nodaway Townships have already been mentioned, and a brief account of the early settlements given.

Dyke Township.—Alexander Dyke settled in this Township at an early day—perhaps before some of those already mentioned in Nebraska. Next after Dyke S. F. Snider bought the claim now known as the Chase farm of James Foster, in 1861, Mr. Snider having sold his claim in Tarkio Township. In the year 1858 the name of Dyke Township was changed to Valley by the County Court, and congressional township No. 70 north, range 36 west, was included.

Morton Township.—This Township includes congressional township 68 north, range 39 west, and was settled as early as 1853, by Calvin Fletcher and others, near the northwest corner of the Township.

Colfax Township.—Colfax includes congressional township 67 north, range 38 west. It was included in Washington Township for some years. The first settlement after the unorganized period was made by Jack H. Gillihan, on section 8; by James Hayner, on section 5; by John Iker, on section 16, and by Mr. Birdsall, Alfred Snodderly, Lewis Lowns, Jefferson Tibbitts, and the Lynn boys, and afterward by J. W. Calvert, and Mr. Michael, at Willsburg, on the old Lynn farm. O. Wetmore, Thompson Snodderly, Edward Monzingo, John Monzingo, Wm. Monzingo, Mr. Hamill, and W. W. Russell all settled here at an early day.

Nebraska Township & Hawleyville.—This Township was organized in an early day, but its boundaries have never been strictly given. In short it includes the east half of congressional township 69 north, range 36 west, with some little irregularities in the boundary between it and Nodaway.

In January, 1853, Mr. J. M. Hawley arrived with about \$250 worth of goods at the house of Henry McAlpin, who had settled on the site now known as Hawleyville. In the same year Hawleyville was laid out by Dr. A. H. East, on McAlpin's land or claim. The town was not numerously populated by the genus *homo*, but numerously populated by the genus *cervus*, as it is stated on good authority that Dr. East shot a deer in front of Hawley's store in 1853.

G. H. Rumbaugh, M. D., was among the first physicians of the place, and the doctor is still a regular practitioner in the town and vicinity. A. M. Collier sold goods here in an early day. In 1856 Jefferson Kelly settled two miles south of Hawleyville, and his sons, S. P. Kelly, T. J. Kelly, and N. D. Kelly, settled near him. Milton Gilchrist settled in the neighborhood at the same time. Mr. C. G. Hinman estab-

lished the first wagon and carriage shop in the County at Hawleyville at an early day. D. C. Chamberlain and his brother Thomas erected and operated a steam saw mill here as early as 1857. In 1859 Isaac Damewood, present Sheriff, settled southeast of Hawleyville. He, with many others, was soon called by President Lincoln to settle a little "unpleasantness" "down South."

Fremont Township.—This Township, as it now is, includes congressional township 70 north, range 38 west. Binns' Grove was settled in 1854 by Henry C. Binns. Hunt's Grove was settled by D. T. Hunt and Miles Davis in the same year, and between the two groves Benjamin Davis settled—in a little spot at first, but it has since spread out all over that beautiful prairie. The same may be said of Mr. Binns, except that he spread out north and ran over into Montgomery County. Joseph Shoemaker and Wilson Bellis settled in this Township in 1860. The other parts of the Township were settled at a more recent date.

Amity Township.—Amity Township was first settled by Daniel Severs, in 1854, in the grove south of College Springs, and at the same time by his brother and brother-in-law, Mr. Wade. No other settlement was made until about the time the *College* lands were being surveyed. At this time J. P. Donaldson stopped in a little log cabin southeast of the present city, and many of the hands engaged in this survey shared his hospitality as boarders. This survey was begun in May, 1856, and completed in July. The papers, plats, and field notes were turned over by Mr. Wanzer and E. Miller to the committee—Mr. Mark Morse, W. J. Woods, and Joseph Cornforth—in a board shanty, near Cornforth's residence, some two miles northeast of Bradyville on the 4th day of

July, 1856. The following fall the school house was built and prior to that a public well was dug. Two sets of hands were employed in these surveys, among whom may be mentioned Frederick Nelson, Mr. Forry, Mr. Pierce, and Mr. Woods. Frank M. More and Frederick Nelson were sworn as chainmen. More did not continue long, but Fred. had more pluck, and continued in the business of wading high grass until the completion of the survey. Fred. has said that this survey was his school in the United States surveys. If the school may be judged by the pupil, it was certainly a good school, as he now has farms which produce as much as 30,000 bushels of corn annually.

Soon the foundation of a city was laid, called Amity; but the finding of a large spring on the southwest corner of the site had a tendency, doubtless, to change the name to College Springs, which corresponds now with the name of the post-office at that place. The first store of general merchandise was opened by A. Oppenheimer. Soon after the College building was erected (in 1859) in which there has been regularly a school of high order by such teachers as Professors Armour, McDill, and Grimes.

In the city there are several churches, in which nearly all denominations of Christians are represented. One thing peculiar about this young city is that there are no beer or whisky saloons in the place. The school buildings are good, and the inhabitants have always been noted for morality and a love of learning. Near the place is the large orchard and nursery owned by J. & J. B. Laughlin.

These college lands were sold, and soon settlers from nearly all the States rushed in and plowed the virgin soil and built a village. Dr. R. H. Lymer was the first physician in the place—at least he was the

first one that has continued business up to this time. In 1856 or 1857 N. C. Storrs & Co. built a steam saw-mill on the town site, and in 1859 or 1860 it was blown to atoms, killing one man and badly injuring several others. Among those injured was Mr. Storrs himself.

Pierce Township.—Pierce includes congressional township number 70 north, range 39 west, being situated in the northwest corner of the "Dominion of Page." After the settlers already mentioned, Aaron Kinion bought Stillman's claim in 1853, and made a settlement. Benjamin Kinion, Levi Hunt, George Martin, Asahel Martin, Lewis Hunt, and others settled prior to 1860. Martin Jones laid out the town of Franklin Grove in 1869. Soon after A. J. Gilmore bought the property from Levi Hunt, and built a brick house, the first brick house in the County. Mr. J. W. Thomas settled south of the village, and I. J. Jones and Robert Jones settled on the town site. William Davis located on the bottom, west of the Nishnabotna, on the farm formerly occupied by Hamilton Miller.

Harlan Township.—As this Township now is, it includes congressional township number 68 north, range 37 west, except fractional sections Nos. 1 and 2, the north half of section 12, and the northeast quarter of section 11. Besides the names of those already mentioned, Harlan was settled at an early day. In the summer of 1854 claims were taken by D. P. Robinson, Thomas Whitehill, Robert Young, Thomas Toner, Charles Toner, and John Stevenson. Prior to this a Mr. Redferin took the claim on which Mr. Annan now lives. Several other settlers came in. David Muller, F. H. Muller, Lewis Conner, Gid. Moreland, John Brown, Robt. Murphy, David Porter, Mr. Pinkerton and others came prior to 1860.

Douglas Township.—The first settlement made in

this Township was by Levi Reeves, in 1856, and by George and Henry Otte and James Black in the same year. G. W. Newsom, Alexander Mains, Hiram Ward, and Maj. Joseph Cramer settled as early as 1859 or 1860. James Black was the first Supervisor from this Township, and Levi Reeves was his successor. The old log house in which Reeves first lived was brought from Valley Township. In this cabin the first sermon ever delivered in the Township was preached by Rev. S. Farlow.

Washington Township.—This Township, in 1858, included the greater part of congressional township No. 67 north, range 39 west, and part of range 38. The first settlements in this Township were made by Capt. John B. Vansant and B. C. Freeman some time prior to its organization. Afterwards it was settled by Adam Mawhinney, Leonard Webb, Alexander Vansant, Charles Wilkinson, J. S. Johnson, and others.

Tarkio Township.—It has been said that at the organization of this Township it included the west half of the County. Many of the settlements have been included under the head of Townships. Up to 1858, Tarkio included what is now known as Lincoln, Morton, Grant, and Tarkio proper. Tarkio, as it now is, includes congressional township No. 69 north, range 38 west.

The settlements besides those before mentioned were made about as follows: As early as the fall of 1852, Isaac Miller settled on the claim on which Tarkio City was subsequently laid out, and B. Harrill on the place where he yet lives. In 1854 Geo. Miller settled on the place afterward known as Miller's Station. Soon after, (755) D. Cheshire, Esq., settled on the farm where he now lives. Soon a post-office was established and a school started. Other settlements

were made in the Township. Nicholas Snodderly came in 1853; H. N. McElfish in 1854, and Henry Stuart, John Stuart, A. McDonald, F. A. McDonald, C. C. McDonald, David Smith, Stephen Reasoner, J. Shaw, Isaac Loy, and others. In 1860 Robert Miller laid out the town of Tarkio City, but the city is obscure, and the agricultural interest predominates.

Valley Township.—After the name of this Township was changed from Dyke to Valley, settlements were made by Edward Hollis—who was located in Nebraska by mistake—at an early day; also, by Lewis Vandevender, Seldon Beaver, John Beaver, Hugh Moffitt, John Bryson, J. P. West, Reuben Trout, A. P. West, and A. Platter prior to 1859, and by Ezra Heady and Alexander Tice prior to 1860.

Nodaway Township.—In this period the settlements in Nodaway Township increased rapidly, especially about Clarinda. In 1856 came "Sol." Round, Cyrus Creel, James McCowan, (still earlier), Alexander Davie, T. T. Pendergraft, Henry Hakes, Henderson Murray, Silas Ingram, James Vinsant, A. M. Cooper, James Jackson, John Thornberry, and a great many other good and true men, even the mention of whom space forbids.

The first post-office in Clarinda was established in 1854, S. F. Snider being the first postmaster, and John Polsley and J. S. B. Polsley were his successors. Dr. Kridelbaugh was postmaster in 1856; he was succeeded by John Haskins and Col. A. R. Anderson.

The first tin shop was established by C. W. Foster. Thomas Evans established a tin shop July 2, 1860.

The Methodist church was built on the present site of the United Presbyterian church, as early as 1857. The Presbyterian church was built in 1860.

As has been stated, Camp & Conn sold the first goods in town. Next came Gordon & Townsend; then

came James Shambaugh, and after him J. H. Powers. Rogers & Hinchman established a store on the north-west corner of the square in 1855; in 1856, the establishment was in the name of, and owned by Hinchman & Murphy. After this the same building was occupied by S. F. Snider, who was then selling goods. In this same building the County records were burnt, especially the County Judge's minute book. The following extract from the County Judge's minute book will explain itself:

Be it known, that on the night of the 12th day of January, 1858, all the books pertaining to the office of the County Courts, together with the buildings in which the books were kept, were consumed by fire. * * * A. H. EAST,
Prosecuting Attorney and ex-officio County Judge.

The first regular hotel was established by George Ribble, Esq., in 1855. Mr. Ribble states that during the land sales he frequently had as much as a peck of gold under his bed for safe keeping. Ribble sold to E. Keeler in 1857; Keeler sold to Cramer in 1859; Cramer rented to Winkler and sold to Jacob Butler; Butler to Anderson, Anderson to Capt. W. Rawlings, and Rawlings to George Baker.

Lincoln Township.—At an early day, perhaps in 1857, settlements were made in this Township by Robert Martin, Isaiah Martin, J. W. Turner (1858) Alexander Johnson, and Ralph Chapman, and near the same time came Gottlieb Meyers, John Martin, J. R. Knox, and Henry Annan; also, John Monzingo, Edward Monzingo, and Wm. Monzingo settled in Lincoln Township, but were, by mistake, located in Colfax. James Hayner also moved into this Township at an early day.

*Buchanan Township.**—As this Township is now, it comprises congressional township No. 67 north,

*It is now claimed by D. M. Farrens that G. W. Farrens and H. D. Farrens came to this County as early as 1841, and that he (David) came in 1842; but records in the hands of H. D. Farrens show that the settlement was made in 1842; hence, the settlement of the three Farrenses was made in 1842.

range 36 west. From 1859, the settlements in this Township increased rapidly. Among the first the names of Thomas Shearer, Samuel Nixon, Peter Beabout, Charles Bonar, Robert Maxwell, (1853) Moses McFarland, and Ebenezer McFarland have been omitted; these, or at least most of them, were here before the organization of the County. In 1854 Center post-office was established, and Robert Maxwell was among the first who held the office of postmaster. Later settlements were made by N. C. Martin, Mr. Scott, George Martin, James Braddy, Jephtha Grove, Reuben Harris, Wm. Kunkle, Henry Laub, Augustus Laub, A. Lumery, John Nixon, Abraham Nixon, Peter Reeser, Andrew Ridgely, Samuel Wells, D. Calhoon, J. Calhoon, and others up to the close of this period, 1860. [*Note*.—J. Bottenfelt's name appears in the first settlement, when it should have been Thomas Shearer's.]

East River.—This Township now comprises congressional township No. 68 north, range 36 west. Among the oldest settlers omitted in the first period was Gideon Daugherty, who settled in this Township as early as 1844. Besides those already mentioned, settlements were made by Alexander Davis and D. P. Baker in 1851, by William Cuning in 1854, and later by Samuel Mulkins. Near the line between East River and Buchanan T. J. Bracken settled at an early day. Goodman Davidson, Robert Wilson, and others "too numerous to mention" were also early settlers of this Township.

HISTORY OF THE COUNTY OFFICIALS AND RERESENT-
ATIVES TO THE YEAR 1861.

County Judges.—Wm. L. Burge, Prosecuting Attorney, filled the unexpired term of Connor; S. F. Snider served 1853-5; John Wilson, 1855-7; S. F. Snider, 1857-8; August 21, 1858, Snider resigned and

A. H. East, Prosecuting Attorney, filled the unexpired term. I. H. Walker was elected in 1858, Jacob Simonton in 1859, and N. B. Moore in 1861.

Clerks.—Besides those already mentioned, Young Farris served to October, 1858. Louis Wilder resigned in 1859; Charles Linderman filled the unexpired term, and was elected in 1860.

Recorders.—Thomas Wallace was elected in 1859; Solomon West was elected in 1861.

Sheriffs.—Jacob Butler was elected in 1859; B. B. Hutton in 1861.

Surveyors.—E. Miller was elected in 1854, and was re-elected and served until 1862, when he was succeeded by J. Cross, who was elected in 1861.

Superintendents of Schools.—J. T. Anderson was elected in 1859; J. S. Maughlin in 1861.

Drainage Commissioner.—Jno. Buckingham was elected in 1861.

Coroners.—A. Scott was elected in 1859; J. C. McCandless in 1861.

Representatives in the State Legislature.—W. C. Means, in 1852; W. M. Dewey, 1854; J. Davis, 1858. R. F. Connor, 1860.

October 1, 1860, an order was made by the County Court,—Jacob Simonton, Judge,—fixing the boundaries of the several Townships as they are seen on the record at present, except that Washington then included Colfax, Lincoln included Morton, and Tarkio included Grant.

CENSUS RETURNS OF 1857,

*Showing the Population, Agricultural Statistics, and
Number of Cattle and Hogs Sold of Page County
for the Year 1856.*

No. dwelling houses,	339	No. of farmers,	358
“ families,	355	“ laborers,	1
“ inhabitants,	1964	“ blacksmiths,	11
“ married,	676	“ wagon makers,	2
“ voters,	393	“ stone masons,	2
“ owners of land,	281	“ lawyers,	4
“ paupers,	2	“ cabinet makers,	1
“ acres imp. land,	8052	“ tailors,	1
“ tons of hay,	240	“ shoemakers,	2
“ bus. grass seed,	8	“ merchants,	11
“ acres of corn,	3544	“ physicians,	8
“ bus. harvest'd	123197	“ mill-wrights,	2
“ hogs sold,	1101	“ druggists,	1
“ cattle sold,	700	“ clergymen,	3

RESUME OF THE FIRST AND SECOND PERIODS.

Much of the history of this period has been given from memory and traditions, and, as has been seen, the early records of this County have been consumed by fire. In giving date of settlements, etc., mistakes have, perhaps, occurred, for experience teaches that persons do not always remember the dates of their own settlements; but facts, briefly stated, have been given as they have been understood and acknowledged.

The reader, now standing on the middle ground, may see Page County with three brave pioneer boys as settlers at first;—may witness the movements of pioneer life;—may see happiness wrapped in poverty, and enterprise waiting for better days.

The privations and hardships endured by the first settlers of this County cannot now be realized by the settlers of a later date. Some of the early settlers have traveled as far as to Maryville, Mo., for a side of bacon, while others have gone still farther for a bushel of corn, and of the “luxuries” the oldest settlers

Iowa State Library

knew nothing, only from the memories of the past. The period of the land sales brought money into the County, it is true, and the old settlers began to save a little to enter their claims at the land office. Many of them did buy their lands of the government, and were preparing to improve them and to build comfortable dwellings; but they, with many others of the people of Iowa, and of older States, were destined to see a still darker day.

A dark cloud arises in the south, and a storm gathers which seems to threaten the very existence of the titles to the lands of the settlers, as well as of the Republic they loved. At this eventful moment a call came from President Lincoln for 75,000 men to defend their homes, and before the echo reached Washington there was heard another call for "300,000 more!" The plow stands in the furrow,—the ox is released from his yoke,—the vacant cabins and the uncultivated fields tell that the men are marshaling to arms.



THIRD PERIOD—FROM THE BREAKING
OUT OF THE WAR OF THE REBELLION,
IN 1861, TO ITS CLOSE, IN 1865.

IN this period the history of Page County is so blended with that of Pea Ridge, Milliken's Bend, Black River, Vicksburg, Andersonville, Shiloh, etc., that it will appear that the County, at the time, was almost depopulated; and that is true, for in several of the Townships that formerly had a considerable population there were, in some cases, but three able-bodied men left.

The first company mustered into the United States service from this County was Company "F," First Nebraska Infantry, afterwards First Nebraska Cavalry. The company was mustered in at Omaha, Neb., June 24, 1861, by Lieut. Merrill, U. S. A.

The following pages, it is believed, contain the name, rank, company, and regiment of every man from Page County who served in the Federal army during the War of the Rebellion. Names will not be repeated, however, as in the Iowa Adjutant General's Report, from which this record is taken, but the first rank and last promotion are given.

COMPANY "F," FIRST NEBRASKA INFANTRY.*

NAMES.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Thomas M. Bowen....	26 Captain..	June 15, '61	Resigned Feb. 4, 1862
George W. Burns....	28 1st Lieut.	"	Promoted to Captain Feb. 5, 1862.
Alexander Scott.....	27 1st Lieut.	"	From 2d Lieut.; resigned March 4, 1862
John P. Murphy.....	23 1st Lieut.	"	From 2d Lieut.
Fred Smith.....	28 2d Lieut.	"	From 1st Sergt.
Wm. M. Alexander..	24 5th Sergt.	"	1st Lt.; wd at Ft. Donelson; vet'd Nov. 11, '63
William L. Jaycox....	29 2d Sergt.	"	From 3d Sergeant.
William B. Folsome..	31 3d Sergt.	"	From 4th Sergeant; exp. term, Nov. 10, 1864
Joseph Blair.....	21 3d Sergt.	"	From 5th Sergt.; veteranized Nov. 14, 1863.
William P. Swiggert..	24 4th Sergt.	"	From 5th Sergt.; died of wounds rec'd at Shiloh
Smith P. Tuttle.....	19 4th Sergt.	"	From 5 Ser.; wd. at Shiloh; vet'd Nov. 11, '64
George McMillan....	19 5th Sergt.	"	From private; re-enlisted June 1, 1864.
Joseph E. Richey....	28 Q. M. S.	"	From 1st Corporal.
Jabez Fickling.....	36 Com. Ser.	Aug. 3, 1861	From 8 Corp.; must'd out exp. term Nov. 11, '64
Joseph E. Hill.....	17 Com. Ser.	June 15, '61	From 4th Corporal; veteranized June 1, 1864
Newton D. Kelly....	21 2d Corp.	"	From 3 Corp.; must'd out exp. term Nov. 10, '64
Samuel Burch.....	31 3d Corp.	"	From priv.; died at Evansville, Ind. Mar. 19, '62
G. W. Muddaugh....	19 3d Corp.	"	From 3d Corp.; died at St. Louis, April 5, '63
David Cheyenger....	28 4th Corp.	"	From 7 Corp.; kild by bushwh'kers Mar. 28, '64
Payton N. Parker....	18 4th Corp.	"	From 6th Corp.; veteranized Nov. 18, 1863.
Joseph E. Hill.....	17 1st Sergt.	"	From 2d Sergeant.

COMPANY "F," FIRST NEBRASKA INFANTRY--Continued.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Alva Strong.....	63	5th Corp	June 15, '61	Reduced to ranks at own request July 24, 1861
Robert G. Tiffin.....	20	"	Oct. 23, 1861	From 7 Corporal; veteranized Jan. 1, '64.....
James G. Edwards.....	25	6th Corp	June 15, '61	Discharged Sept. 16, 1861.....
Jas. W. McCormick.....	23	7th Corp	"	"
Anthony F. Brown.....	22	8th Corp	"	Died at Warsaw, Mo., Oct. 31, '61.....
John Y. Hooper.....	20	Musician	"	Appointed Chief Bugler Nov. 5, '63.....
Mahlon C. Johnson.....	16	Bugler	"	From private; re-enlisted Jan. 1, 1864.....
Thos. D. Bradfield.....	28	Wag'ner	"	Must'd out by exp. term of service Nov. 10, '64
Alexander David.....	25	Private	"	Re-enlisted Jan. 1, 1864.....
Alexander Samuel.....	19	"	Oct. 23, 1861	Re-enlisted Aug. 1, 1864.....
Arnold James E.....	19	"	June 15, '61	Died at Syracuse, Mo., Oct. 3, 1861.....
Bealze James H.....	18	"	"	Re-enlisted Nov. 11, 1863.....
Blair Robert H.....	42	"	"	Discharged April 1, 1862.....
Brum Chauncey A.....	23	"	"	Mustered out Nov. 10, 1864.....
Brown Edwin R.....	19	"	"	Vet'd Jan. 1, '64; wounded at Chalk Bluffs.....
Brown James.....	18	"	"	Veteranized Jan. 1, '64.....
Bagley W. L.....	18	"	"	Discharged Feb. 11, 1862.....
Chandler Henry.....	38	"	"	Transferred to Co. "I," 1st Neb. July 25, 1861
Cooper Isiah.....	21	"	Oct. 27, 1861	Re-enlisted Nov. 11, 1863.....
Fairchild D. F.....	21	"	June 15, '61	"
Flanneghan F. J.....	20	"	"	"

COMPANY "F," FIRST NEBRASKA INFANTRY--Continued.

AGES.	NAMES.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
16	Goodman Daniel B.	Private	June 15, '61	Veteranized November 18, 1863
21	Helmick Thomas J.	"	"	Discharged June 18, 1862.
20	Irvine William	"	"	Must'd out exp. term of service Nov. 10, 1862
24	Jones W. T.	"	July 30, 1861	Re-enl. Jan. 1, '64; wounded Jacksonport, Ark.
23	Kellogg Homer P.	"	June 15, '61	Must'd out exp. term of service Nov. 19, 1864
22	Knight Solomon	"	"	
22	Lorton Thomas	"	"	
26	Lorton Thomas	"	"	
18	McCool Jeremiah	"	"	Discharged Sept. 16, 1861.
21	McClelland Willis	"	"	Mustered out by expiration of term of service
22	Miller Reuel C.	"	"	Discharged June 27, 1863.
18	Owen Silas R.	"	"	Discharged April 29, 1862
16	Owen John W.	"	"	Died April 27, 1862, at Paducah, Ky.
36	Polsley Robert W.	"	"	Veteranized Jan. 1, 1864.
20	Roth Jacob	"	"	
18	Rawlings Benj. S.	"	"	Died at Helena, Ark., Sept. 16, 1862.
24	Salsbury John S.	"	"	Wounded at Shiloh; veteranized Jan. 1, 1864
24	Story Wm. B.	"	"	Mustered out exp. term of service Nov. 10, '64
18	Scholes John W.	"	"	Discharged Feb. 16, 1863.
20	Sheets Calvin D.	"	"	Mustered out exp. term of service Nov. 10, '64
19	Storrs Miles L.	"	"	
17	Storrs Eugene O.	"	"	

COMPANY "F," FIRST NEBRASKA INFANTRY--Continued.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Swartman Edw'd A.	18	Private.	June 15, '61	
Squires Eugene W.	20	"	"	Veteranized January 1, 1864.
Tippin Thomas R.	20	"	"	"
Tippin John L.	25	"	Oct. 23, 1861	Vet'd Jan. 1, '64; wounded Jacksonport, Ark
Tippin Robert G.	25	"	"	"
Tippin Isaac F.	17	"	"	Died at St. Louis, April 4, 1862.
Thomas J. M. C.	23	"	June 15, '61	Discharged Dec. 6, 1861.
Thomas Martin E.	31	"	"	Died October 31, 1861.
Valentine Alex.	24	"	"	Died at Helena, Ark., Sept. 16, 1862.
Wagor Amariah B.	20	"	"	Veteranized Nov. 18, 1863.
Wagor Philo R.	18	"	"	Veteranized Jan. 1, 1864.
Wilson Joshua J.	24	"	"	"

*This Regiment was changed to the First Nebraska Cavalry in November, 1863.

Additional Enlistments in Company "F," 1st Nebraska Infantry.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Abby Enoch.....	15	Drum'er	Mar. 12, 1863	
Burton Josiah.....	28	Corporal	Nov. 27, 1863	Transferred from Co. D, Vet. Cav., Dec. 7, '64
Burns Isaac.....	18	Private	Aug. 1, 1864	
Cook Charles G.....	25	"	Mar. 1, 1864	
Calahan Alexander.....	21	"	May 15, 1864	Pris'r of war capt'd at Hay Station Aug. 24, '64
Caster Francisco.....	22	"	Jan. 1, 1864	Transfer'd from Co. D, 1st Vet. Cav. Dec. 7, '64
Davis Isaac.....	20	"	Oct. 15, 1863	
Ellen Thomas.....	27	"	Jan. 1, 1864	Transfer'd from Co. D, 1st Vet. Cav. Dec. 7, '64
Edon John.....	23	"	Jan. "	"
East Theophilus.....	15	"	Oct. 15, 1864	"
Farrens James A.....	26	"	Oct. 1, 1864	
French Samuel A.....	23	"	Nov. 23, 1864	
Holmark Pinkston.....	24	"	Nov. 25, '62	
Lother Robert.....	21	"	Oct. 1, 1863	
Long George W.....	25	"	Mar. 1, 1864	
McComas Henry.....	18	"	"	
McKittrick J. L.....	21	"	"	
Hall W. A.....	24	"	"	
Shaw Robert H.....	29	Music'n	Nov. 17, 1863	Transferred from Company D, Dec. 7, 1864.
Tippin James R.....	19	Private	Jan. 11, 1864	
Wilson Benjamin.....	44	"	Aug. 1, 1864	
			Nov. 28, 1864	

COMPANY "I," FIRST NEBRASKA INFANTRY.*

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Jacob Butler.....	31	Captain	July 17, 1861	Resigned Jan. 30, 1862.....
Henry H. Ribble.....	29	1st Lieut.	"	Promoted to Captain January 30, 1862.....
Francis L. Cramer.....	26	2d Lieut.	"	1 Lt. Jan. 30, '62; Adj't. May 1, '62; Maj.-Ala. Cav.
Emory Peck.....	25	1st Sergt.	"	Promoted 2d Lt. Jan. 30, '62; 1 Lt. May 1, '62
F. A. McDonald.....	28	1st Sergt.	"	Pro. 2 Lieut. May 1, '62; Adjutant Jan. 1, '64
James H. Bangs.....	21	2d Sergt.	"	Pro. 1 Sergt. May 1, '62; vet'd Nov. 14, 1863
William C. Floyd.....	26	3d Sergt.	"	Discharged for disability Mar., 1862.....
William J. Jones.....	23	Com Ser.	Sept. 23, 1861	Veteranized Jan. 1, 1864.....
John B. Thompson.....	18	Corporal	July 17, 1861	Killed in action at Shiloh, Apr. 7, 1862.....
Chafield H. Butler.....	26	"	Sept. 23, '61	Disched by exp. term of service Nov. 10, 1864
William D. Stollen.....	19	"	July 17, 1861	Veteranized Jan. 1, 1864.....
Gilbert C. Lyons.....	25	Farmier	"	Vet. Jan. '64; wd at Plum Crk., Neb., Oct. '64
Amos G. W.....	27	Private	"	"
Graddy Joseph A.....	19	"	"	Veteranized Jan. 1, 1864.....
Ervin Robert C.....	26	"	"	Discharged for disability Feb. 22, 1862.....
Perry Levi W.....	20	"	"	Discharged for disability May 16, 1862.....
Fisher G. W.....	18	"	Aug. 17, '64	"
Farrars Robert A.....	18	"	"	"
Granlyback Jacob.....	33	"	July 17, '61	Died of disease at Syracuse, Mo.; Oct. 12, 1861
Jackson Martin.....	19	"	"	Veteranized Jan. 1, 1864.....
Jackson Louis C.....	18	"	Aug. 17, '64	Killed near Plum Creek, Neb., Oct. 13, 1864

COMPANY "I." FIRST NEBRASKA INFANTRY--Continued.

NAMES.	AGE...	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
King William.....	18	Private.	July 17, '61	Discharged for disability July 24, 1862.
Lytle Francis B.....	16	"	"	Discharged for disability Feb. 25, 1862.
Mayer William.....	19	"	"	Vol'd Jan. 1, '64; enlisted in Marine Brigade
Musser Samuel A.....	18	"	"	Enlisted in Marine Brigade Jan., 1863.
Skinner John W.....	19	"	"	Died at St. Louis, Mo., May 16, 1862.
Sillman John.....	31	"	"	Died at Georgetown, Mo., Jan. 15, 1862.
Smith Erasmus A.....	25	"	"	

COMPANY "A." FOURTH IOWA CAVALRY.

NAMES.	A	RANK.	EXT'D SERV.	REMARKS.
J. Marshall Rush.....	32	Captain.	Aug. 26, '61	From Quartermaster.
Samuel P. Kelly.....	23	1st Sergt.	Aug. 27, '61	From 1 Sergt.; promoted 2d Lieut. June 5, '62
John H. Danewood.....	39	Com. Ser.	"	From private; promoted Nov. 1, 1862.
J. Lee Marsh.....	25	2d Corp.	"	Reduced to ranks.
James Mounts.....	27	6th Corp.	"	From private; promoted to 7 Corp. Nov. 7, '62
Wm. E. Jackson.....	18	Bugler	"	Promoted to Bugler March 12, 1862.
Callicotte Francis M.	18	Private.	"	
Danewood F. A.....	18	"	"	
Glasgow Chas. A.....	18	"	"	
Hunt Doran T.....	19	"	"	
Patch David A.....	23	"	"	

COMPANY "K," 25TH MISSOURI INFANTRY.

NAMES.	AGE...	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Geo. H. Rumbaugh.....	32	Captain	Feb. 1, 1862	Resigned September, 1862.
Benjamin R. Tanner.....	32	1st Sergt	Dec. 1, 1861	Promoted 1st Lieutenant Jan. 29, '63.
Harvey C. Hall.....	36	"	Aug. 26, '61	Disch'ged for disability at Corinth, July 11, '62
David Morgan.....	25	"	Dec. 1, 1861	
Daniel M. Stillians.....	21	Corporal	Dec. 15, 1861	
Marcus L. Brown.....	19	"	Feb'y 1, 1862	
Blake Isaac W.....	18	Private	Nov. 19, '61	Discharged for disability Oct. 30, '62.
Buckingham John.....	45	"	Feb'y 1, 1862	Transferred as Serg't to non-commis'ned staff
Buckingham Jno. F.....	19	"	Nov. 29, '61	
Buckingham Jos. A.....	21	"	Feb'y 1, 1862	
Court George.....	39	"	Sept. 23, '62	
Callicotte John T.....	16	"	"	
Callicotte Wm. R.....	18	"	Nov. 15, '61	
Devlin Patrick.....	25	"	Dec. 15, 1861	
Davis Nathaniel L.....	40	"	October 1, 62	Captured by guerrillas at Centralia, Mo., and escaped after 19 days confinement Sept 27, '64
Goodman Thomas M.....	33	"	Dec. 15, 1861	Dis for disability June 8, '62 at Pittsburg Landing
Goodman George.....	25	"	Jan'y 11, '62	D. at Evansville, Ind. from wds rec'd at Shiloh
Holliday Robert.....	28	"	Sept. 23, '62	
Hurst William C.....	31	"	"	
Harris David.....	18	"	"	

COMPANY "K," 25th MISSOURI INFANTRY--Continued.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Holland Miles.....	28	Private	Mar. 1, 1862	
Holliday Landon.....	22	"	Sept. 23, '62	
Hill George.....	22	"	"	Promoted to Sergeant.....
Luellen Zadoc.....	26	"	"	
McGlinney James.....	26	"	Nov. 19, '61	
Mosely Samuel.....	16	"	Dec. 15, '61	
Moore Alfred S.....	21	"	"	
Moore John N.....	20	"	"	
Morgan John.....	16	"	Feb. 1, 1862	
McAlpin Henry B.....	18	"	Sept. 23, '62	
Miller Robert.....	28	"	Dec. 26, 1862	Promoted to Sergeant.....
Penick James M.....	21	"	Dec. 10, 1861	
Robbins Joseph.....	21	"	Feb. 1, 1862	Promoted 1st Sergeant.....
Sayres Frank G.....	28	"	Nov. 7, 1861	Discharged at St. Louis Mar. 22, '62, for disability
Sears John.....	30	"	Sept. 23, '62	Killed at battle of Shiloh April 6, '62.....
Thomas James B.....	18	"	"	
Thomas Joseph M. C.....	24	"	July 20, 1862	Member of Company "D."
Hammond George.....	27	"	Aug. 2, 1861	Member Co. "D"; dis. Jan. 23, '62, for wds. recd
Potter John.....	21	"	Nov. 26, '61	Member Company "E."
Hankins William.....	18	"	Feb. 22, 1862	Member Company "E."
Pace Ed. M.....	19	"	"	

COMPANY "K," FOURTH IOWA INFANTRY.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Joseph Crumer.....	47	Captain.	Aug. 31, '61	Promoted to Major March, 1863.
Albert R. Anderson.....	23	"	May 12, '62	Promoted Major Apr. 5, 1864.
James T. Chittenden.....	27	2d Lieut.	Aug. 31, '61	D. Apr. 29, '62, of wds. recd. at Pea Ridge, Ark.
Thomas H. Chamer.....	21	1st Sergt.	"	Prom. 2 Lt.; killed at Ringgold, Ga., Nov. 27, '63.
Robert R. Morledge.....	21	5th Sergt.	May 12, '62	Prom. 1 Corp.; disch. Dec. 19, —at Helena, Ark.
Thomas J. Jack.....	25	2d Corp.	"	Prom. 4 Corp.; wd in leg Pea Ridge, Mar. 7, '62.
Henry W. Truette.....	23	4th Corp.	Aug. 10, '61	Prom. 6th Corp.; discharged Aug. 17, 1863.
John J. Pierce.....	18	8th Corp.	Aug. 31, '61	Prom. 6th Corp.; disch. private.
John A. Mills.....	21	8th Corp.	Aug. 31, '61	Died of pneumonia Lebanon, Mo., Feb. 13, '62.
Belms Isaac M.....	35	Private.	Feb. 13, 1862	Prom. private.
Black George R.....	20	Private.	Aug. 31, '61	Wd sev'ly at Pea Ridge, Ark; disch Oct. 1, '62.
Chase Silas.....	28	"	Aug. 18, '61	Died at Chickasaw Bayou, Miss Dec 29, '62.
Cunning Amos.....	18	"	"	Wound at same as above severely in the head
Cozad William.....	18	"	"	
Dunn James H.....	18	"	"	
Dow William C.....	25	"	"	
Dunwiddle Isaac.....	22	"	"	
Ewing John.....	24	"	"	Died of typh'd fever at Rolla, Mo., Jan. 8, 1862.
Friend John W.....	37	"	"	Wd sev'ly in shoulder at Pea Ridge Mar. 7, '62.
Gaults Jacob.....	45	"	"	Died of measles at Rolla, Mo., Feb. 21, 1862.
Gibbs Benjamin.....	20	"	"	Died at St. Louis Feb. 21, 1863.

COMPANY "K," FOURTH IOWA INFANTRY--Continued.

NAMES.	AGE...	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Hutton Samuel.....	22	Private	Aug. 18, '61	W.d. at Rolla Sep 26, '61; capt'd Blk Riv Miss
Hunt Edward S.....	18	"	"	Died of measles at Rolla, Mo., Dec. 31, 1861...
Johnson Leven.....	39	"	Aug. 31, '61	Discharged at St. Louis June 8, 1862.....
Jacobs Daniel.....	23	"	"	"
Johnson Beattie E.....	21	"	Aug. 27, '62	Drowned at Greenville, Miss., Apr. 17, 1863...
Kinkade William A.....	24	"	Aug. 31, '61	Discharged for protracted illness May 15, 1862
Meek James B.....	33	"	"	" " " " " "
Pierce William.....	33	"	"	" " " " " "
Runnells John R.....	26	"	Aug. 31, '61	Died of typhoid fever at Rolla, Mo., Nov. 3, '61
Richardson Fred.....	18	"	"	Wounded severely at Vicksburg May 20, 1863
Swathman Benj. F.....	33	"	"	Died of dysentery at Helena, Ark., Oct. 21, '62
St. Clair Benj. L.....	27	"	"	W.d. in head severely at Pea Ridge Mar. 7, '62
Storrs Nelson C.....	44	"	"	Discharged at Rolla, Mo., Feb. 8, 1862.....
Schoemaker James L.....	25	"	"	"
Sly William H.....	27	"	"	W.d. slightly Chickasaw Bayou; disc June 21, '65
Thayer D. A.....	18	"	"	Transferred to the Marine Brigade.....
Van Gundy Joseph.....	18	"	"	W.d. at Pea Ridge Mar. 7, '62; foot amputated
Willoughby Wm. H.....	22	"	"	"
Redwell Walter S.....	26	"	"	Wounded severely in the leg at Pea Ridge.....
Duncan R. W.....	35	"	Aug. 27, '62	Killed by a shell at Vicksburg Dec. 28, '62.....
Bratton Andrew W.....	20	"	"	"

COMPANY "K." FOURTH IOWA INFANTRY--Continued.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Gibbs George.....	26	Private.	Sept. 27, '62	.....
Kempton Wm. A.....	19	"	"	.....
McCord Wm. O.....	19	"	"	.....
Phifer Wm. A.....	"	"	"	.....
Robinson Eli D.....	"	"	"	.....
Smith Clark T.....	20	"	"	.....
Sanders Leopord.....	21	"	"	.....
Tuttle George A.....	19	"	"	.....
Wilkinson W. P.....	19	"	Jan. 22, '63	.....
Wright Wm. A.....	21	"	Sept. 27, '62	.....
Wagor Samuel D.....	26	"	"	.....
Arbuckle John.....	18	"	Mar. 26, '64	.....
Bussey Alexander.....	18	"	Mar. 28, '64	.....
Cunning William.....	21	"	Mar. 26, '64	.....
Cozad Hezekiah.....	30	"	"	.....
Davis John W.....	19	"	"	.....
Harris Pleasant M.....	18	"	Mar. 23, '64	.....
Johnson Zachariah.....	18	"	Apr. 16, '64	.....
Larsh A. L.....	19	"	Mar. 30, '64	.....
Wilkinson Alfred.....	18	"	Mar. 28, '64	.....

COMPANY "F," TWENTY-THIRD IOWA INFANTRY.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Wash. Rawlings.....	27	Captain.	Aug. 2, 1862	From 1 Lt; wd at Bl'k River, Miss., May 17, '63
Isaac H. Walker.....	31	2d Lieut.	Sept. 19, '62	Com'iss'ned Aug., 1862; Captain Nov. 13, '63
Plimpton E. Greer.....	29	1st Sergt	Sept. 1, 1862	Promoted to Quartermaster July 1, 1864.
Newton C. Ridenour.....	26	2d Sergt.	Aug. 29, '62	Pro. 2d Lieut. June 30, '63; 1 Lieut. July 7, '64
Albert Van Eaton.....	37	3d Sergt.	Sept. 1, 1862	Wd at Black River May 17, '63; 2 Lt. July 7, '64
David H. Sedmore.....	25	5th Sergt	Aug. 29, '62	Wd Pt. Gibson, Miss., May 1, '62; dis May 2, '65
William M. Burky.....	29	1st Corp'l	"	Q M Ser. Sept 19, '62; disch for disab Mar 3, '64
John W. Root.....	28	2d Corp'l.	"	Transf. Nov. 6, '— for promotion in col'd tr'ps
Lyman B. McAlpin.....	22	"	Oct. 6, 1862	From 4th Corporal.....
Wm. P. Peterman.....	23	3d Corp'l.	Aug. 29, '62	From 5 Corp; wnd at Black River May 17, '63
James W. Pruyn.....	27	4th Corp.	Oct. 6, 1862	From 6 Corp; muster roll gives res. Page City
John A. Jackson.....	21	5th Corp.	"	"
John Stewart.....	21	6th Corp.	"	Wd Bl'k River, left leg am; D of wd Jul 21, '63.
Daniel Polsley.....	26	7th Corp.	"	From private.....
Benjamin T. Graham.....	18	Musicien	Aug. 29, '62	"
Samuel H. Baker.....	23	Wag'ner	"	Captured at Port Gibson, Miss., May 1, 1863..
Akin John.....	19	Private.	"	"
Baldwin H. B.....	34	"	"	"
Betchel David W.....	22	"	"	"
Boggs Abner S.....	24	"	"	"
Burns William K.....	18	"	"	Severely wounded at Black River May 17, '63.

COMPANY F, TWENTY-THIRD IOWA INFANTRY--Continued

NAMES.	AGE...	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Bryson Andrew.....	27	Private.	Aug. 29, '62	
Carpenter Chancy E.....	25	"	"	
Cavender George S.....	19	"	"	Wd. sev'ly at Port Gibson, Miss., May 1, 1863
Cavender Robert H.....	26	"	"	
Cunning Amos.....	22	"	"	
Cunning W. H.....	20	"	"	Killed at Port Gibson, Miss., May 1, 1863.....
Denton James.....	30	"	Sept. 1, 1862	
Drace John.....	19	"	Aug. 29, '62	Discharged June 15, 1863.....
Drewry Silas O.....	28	"	"	
Edmonds Ellis.....	39	"	"	Wd. Blk Riv May 17, '63; D. of disease Jul 26 '63
Edmonds Wm. B. F.....	30	"	"	
Edmonds Isaac.....	21	"	"	Wd. Blk Riv; D. Milliken's Bend Aug 16, '63
Fergus Warren.....	24	"	"	
Fletcher Daniel S.....	20	"	"	Discharged for disability Jan. 4, 1863.....
Glinther John W. V.....	41	"	"	Discharged for disability Apr. 4, 1864.....
Glasgow Samuel H.....	31	"	"	
Goff David S.....	23	"	"	Died of disease at New Orleans May 31, 1864.
Grow Joseph S.....	19	"	"	Died of disease at New Orleans Oct. 14, 1863.
Harrill Lewis.....	19	"	"	Disch'ged at Benton Barracks, Mo. Aug. 8, '63.
Irwin William H.....	25	"	"	Died of phthisis at Natchez, Miss., Aug. 25, '—
Irwin William.....	21	"	"	D. Duval's Bluffs Dec 29, '64; buried on Tarkio

COMPANY F, TWENTY-THIRD IOWA INFANTRY--Continued

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Irwin James.....	18	Private.	Aug. 29, '62	Wounded at Black River, Miss., May 17, 1863
Inselho Amasa.....	18	"	"	Wd. Black Riv; D. of disease at New Or. Oct 9
Jones Elias A.....	21	"	Sept. 1, 1862	
Johnson Alexander.....	28	"	Aug. 29, '62	Disch. for disability Carrollton, La., Aug. 7, '63
Kridelbaugh J. P.....	22	"	"	Wounded in right shoulder.....
Long Jasper.....	23	"	"	
Long Anson D.....	18	"	"	
Loy George T.....	22	"	"	
Loy Franklin.....	21	"	"	Wd. at Black River; D. on steamer July 17, '63
Mattice Evan.....	18	"	"	Disch. for disabil. at Fronton, Mo., Feb. 9, '63
Massa J. R.....	30	"	"	Wounded at Spanish Fort, Ala., Apr. 4, 1865
Miller Wolf.....	24	"	"	
Miller Isaac.....	20	"	"	
Newson G. W.....	31	"	"	
Newman Abner N.....	25	"	Sept. 1, 1862	
Pendergraft Wils. A.....	22	"	Aug. 29, '62	
Pendergraft Thad. T.....	20	"	"	Died of measles at Patterson Nov. 9, 1862.....
Pierce Thomas.....	25	"	"	
Preo Elisha.....	30	"	"	Died at Carrollton, La., October, 1863.....
Pricket Isaac P.....	28	"	Sept. 1, 1862	Wd. at Black River; D. at St. Louis July 21, '63
Reasoner Benj. H.....	31	"	Aug. 29, '62	

COMPANY F, TWENTY-THIRD IOWA INFANTRY--Continued

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Roth Hamilton.....	28	Private.	Aug. 29, '62	Wounded slightly Spanish Fort. Ala., Apr. 4, '65
Shepherd Isaac N.....	22	"	"	Discharged for disability February 27, 1863.....
Shepherd Homer.....	19	"	"	.....
Smith Robert B.....	21	"	"	.....
Snodderly John.....	24	"	"	.....
Snodderly W. G. R.....	19	"	"	.....
Williams James S.....	19	"	"	.....
Additional Enlistments in Co. "F," Twenty-Third Iowa Infantry.				
				Died of disease at Ironton, Mo., Jan. 30, 1863

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Cleaver George C.....	21	Private.	Dec. 28, 1863	D. Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 20, '64, of meningitis
Barnum William R.....	36	"	Jan. 1, 1864	Kild by guerrillas Centralia, Mo., Sept. 27, '64
Becky Christian C.....	19	"	Dec. 19, '63	.....
Cunning Alexander.....	45	"	Mar. 28, '64	D. Duvall's Bluffs, Ark., Dec. 22, '64, rem. fev
Chamberlain Doryle.....	39	"	Dec. 19, 1863	.....
Edenfield Samuel E.....	39	"	Feb. 6, 1864	.....
Edwards Robert L.....	18	"	Jan. 5, 1864	.....
Floyd William C.....	29	"	Dec. 19, 1863	.....

Additional Enlistments in Co. "F," 23d Iowa Infantry--Continued

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Gregg Finley S.....	21	Private.	Dec. 19, '63	
Headricks Cyrus W.....	35	"	Jan. 10, 1864	
Irvin Owen.....	18	"	Jan. 2, 1864	Died at Morganza, La., Aug. 29, 1864.
Kriedelbaugh Frank.....	18	"	Jan. 1, 1864	Wounded at Spanish Fort, Ala., Apr., 1865.
Leighton David.....	33	"		
Love John.....	36	"	Jan. 5, 1864	Wounded at Spanish Fort, Ala., Mar. 27, '65
Litzenburg John D.....	18	"	Feb. 9, 1864	D. Duw. Bills, Ark. Dec. 18, '64; bar. on Turkio
Mayerhoof Frederic.....	21	"	Feb'y. 27, '64	
Macomber Samuel P.....	27	"	Jan. 4, 1864	Died at Morganza, La., Aug. 13, 1864.
Margerum William.....	29	"	Jan. 5, 1864	
Potlsey Augustus H.....	18	"	Feb. 9, 1864	Died at Duvall's Bluffs, Ark., Dec. 9, 1864.
Ray Thomas J.....	21	"	Dec. 1, 1863	Died at Natchez, Miss., July 29, 1864.
Wall Chaney L.....	28	"	Jan. 5, 1864	Died at New Orleans, La. Sept. 12, 1864.
Walker Andrew J.....	39	"	Jan. 1, 1864	

NOTE.—The name of George C Cleaver does not appear on the original roster of Co. F, nor on the list of additional enlistments, but on the list of casualties.

COMPANY "A." EIGHTH IOWA CAVALRY.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
George W. Burns.....	30	Captain.	Sept. 30, '63	Capt'd nr Atlanta Jul 30, '64; pro Maj. Aug 22, '65
Charles Linderman.....	30	Lieut.	Aug. 25, '63	Must'd out as 2d; commissioned 1st Lt. Aug. 25, '65
Robert M. Rawlings.....	23	1st Sergt.	July 25, '63	Must'd out 1 Sergt; commissioned 2 Lt. Aug. 22, '65
John Kinkade.....	28	Q. M. S.	July 14, '63	Disc. for disab. at Waverly, Tenn., Feb. 28, '64
Wm. W. Russell.....	27	Com Ser	"	Captured at Newnan, Ga., July 30, 1864
Isaac T. Felch.....	27	2d Sergt.	July 16, '63	"
James B. Short.....	28	3d Sergt.	July 18, '63	"
Joseph I. Haskins.....	24	5th Sergt.	July 14, '63	Drowned in East Sipsey Riv., Ala., Apr. 15, '65
Chas. C. McDonald.....	24	6th Sergt.	"	"
Peter H. Seay.....	19	1st Corp.	Aug. 24, '63	Wounded and capt'd Newnan, Ga., July 30, '64
Jos. B. Chamberlain.....	21	2d Corp.	July 6, 1863	Wounded and died in Andersonville prison..
Wilson H. Belghter.....	33	3d Corp.	July 14, 1863	"
Augustus J. Martin.....	20	5th Corp.	"	"
Lewis T. Smith.....	29	7th Corp.	July 26, 1863	Discharged Aug. 18, 1864.
Francis M. Riggins.....	21	Bugler.	July 6, 1863	"
Henry Dorsey.....	33	Farrier.	Aug. 13, '63	Disch for disab. Mar. 17, '65, at Chickasaw, Ala
James A. Hughes.....	36	Saddler.	July 26, '63	"
Henry Clabaugh.....	30	Wag'ner	July 9, 1863	"
Akin Lewis.....	18	Private.	July 14, 1863	"
Bagley Wm. L.....	19	"	July 13, 1863	"
Butler Thomas H.....	29	"	July 29, 1863	Disched for disability at Davenport Dec. 12, '63

COMPANY "A," EIGHTH IOWA CAVALRY--Continued.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Benbow John P.....	21	Private.	July 14, '63	
Benbow Robert M.....	44	"		Discharged for disability Aug. 5, 1864.
Benbow Barclay I.....	19	"	July 24, '63	
Britt Charles.....	30	"	July 15, '63	
Brown Wilson H.....	21	"	July 30, '63	Captured at Tuscaloosa, Ala., April 4, 1865.
Berry James L.....	22	"	"	
Berry Joseph R.....	21	"	Aug. 22, '63	
Babcock George W.....	44	"	July 16, '63	
Carlin Francis.....	44	"	July 15, '63	
Delany John R.....	28	"	July 14, '63	Transferred to Invalid Corps Jan. 10, 1865.
Drace John H.....	22	"	"	Discharged June 7, 1865.
Davison Hiram.....	20	"	Aug. 3, 1863	
Edmonson John.....	18	"	July 24, '63	Died between Macon and Atlanta, Ga., July 26
Ewing Wm. Y.....	18	"	Aug. 3, 1863	
Frauts David M.....	26	"	July 14, '63	
Friar Henry B. M.....	27	"	"	Died at Davenport Nov. 4, 1863.
Fisher William.....	18	"	"	
Goudie John S.....	34	"	July 27, '63	
Griffith Isaac.....	22	"	July 15, '63	Died of disease April 5, 1865.
Hutton L. H. R.....	19	"	July 17, '63	Discharged May 31, 1865.
Hollingsworth Noah.....	40	"	July 31, '63	Died at New Albany, Ind., Nov. 29, 1863.

COMPANY "A," EIGHTH IOWA CAVALRY---Continued.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Hall Pleasant M.....	19	Private	July 3, 1863	
Helmick Nathan.....	35	"	Aug. 1, 1863	
Handorf H. H.....	34	"	Aug. 25, '63	
Jackson Asa.....	18	"	July 27, 1863	
Loranz Henry.....	19	"	July 14, 1863	Captured July 30, 1864.
McClellan Wm. M.....	34	"	July 9, 1863	
Matkins Joseph.....	32	"	July 14, 1863	
Miller John N.....	18	"	"	Captured July 30, 1864.
Miller Lewis H.....	23	"	July 30, 1863	
Pendergratt Julius F.....	21	"	July 15, 1863	
Phummer Jackson.....	28	"	Aug. 7, 1863	
Roberts John Q. A.....	26	"	July 14, 1863	D. of typh. fev. at Nashville, Tenn. Mar. 30, '64
Rector William A.....	25	"	"	
Reynolds John P.....	18	"	July 17, 1863	
Stafford Oliver P.....	21	"	July 7, 1863	
Stouder Ambrose C.....	18	"	July 9, 1863	
Snodderly Henry H.....	21	"	July 14, 1863	
Seokes George W.....	23	"	July 17, 1863	
Seward Robert W.....	37	"	July 30, 1863	Died at Nashville, Tenn., Apr. 9, 1864.
Taylor Harvey D.....	42	"	Aug. 19, '63	
Veach Robert L.....	19	"	July 27, 1863	Captured at Newnan, Georgia, July 30, 1864.
Wilson Evan.....	18	"	July 18, 1863	

COMPANY "C," FIFTH IOWA CAVALRY.

NAMES	AGE...	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
John Morris Young.....	.....	Captain.	Oct. 3, '61	Promoted to Major Nov. 1, 1862, afterw'd Col
C. A. B. Langdon.....	.....	2d Lieut.	" "	Commissioned Major July 7, 1863.....
John Casky.....	31	5th Sergt.	Sept. 19, '61	D. on stmr. betw. Ft. Henry & Smithland, Ky
Samuel S. Harry.....	29	3d Corp'l.	" "	"
John Toner.....	21	4th Corp.	" "	Captured near Newnan, Ga., July 31, 1864.....
Thomas J. Bull.....	24	7th Corp.	" "	"
Brenner Gilbert P.....	37	Private.	" "	Disch. for disability at St. Louis, Oct. 4, 1862
Casky Sampson.....	28	" "	" "	Killed at Pulaski, Tenn., Dec. 25, 1864.....
Loun Lewis.....	19	" "	" "	Cap. at Newnan, Ga. Jul 31, '64; died in prison
Malone Stiles.....	32	" "	" "	Died at Ft. Heiman, Ky., Mar. 31, 1862.....
Murphy Wm. M.....	23	" "	" "	Died at Montgomery, Ala., May 3, 1865.....
McTory William.....	20	" "	" "	Died of wds recd at Jonesboro, Ga., Sept. 21, '64
McLarnon John.....	28	" "	Sept. 28, '61	Captured at Newnan, Ga., July 31, 1864.....
McLarnon Allen.....	19	" "	" "	" "
McMichael John.....	22	" "	" "	Died at Benton Barracks, Mo., Jan. 11, 1862.....
Prayne Marcellus.....	20	" "	Sept. 26, '61	Promoted to Battalion Commissary Sergeant

COMPANY "C," ELEVENTH MISSOURI CAVALRY.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Charles W. Pace.....	35	Captain.	Dec. 1, 1862	
John Buckingham.....	44	1st Lieut.	Mar. 24, 1863	
Charles S. Hinman.....	26	1st Sergt.	Dec. 1, 1862	
Harland Searlett.....	30	"	Dec. 18, 1862	
Barnes John.....	25	Private	Dec. 1, 1862	Promoted 2d Lieut. Company B, Aug. 23, '63
Busey John A.....	32	"	"	
Goodman George.....	29	"	"	
Hall Harvey C.....	37	"	"	
Hill John Jeff.....	24	"	"	
Loughery William.....	33	"	"	
Reed Jonah.....	18	"	Dec. 10, 1862	
Thomas John J.....	45	"	Nov. 1, 1862	Died St. Joseph, Mo., of inflammation of the brain.
Vanhouten John.....	44	"	Jan. 27, 1863	[Apr. 25, '62

COMPANY "F," TWENTY-NINTH IOWA INFANTRY.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Chas. B. Shoemaker	38	Major.	Sept. 16, '62	Resigned Jan. 7, 1865.
Isaac Dimeywood	38	2d Lieut.	Dec. 1, 1862	Com's'ned Dec. 1, 1862; resigned Aug. 16, 1864
Duncan John W.	38	Private.	Nov. 12, 1862	Disch'ged at Davenport for disab. May 16, 1865
Duncan Alexander.	39	"	"	Captured at Jenkins' Ferry, Ark., Apr. 30, '64
Glasgow William.	29	"	Nov. 16, '62	Discharged March 27, 1865.
Insecho Alva.	21	"	Nov. 12, '62	Died at Helena, Ark., Feb. 13, 1863.
Madden Alfred.	21	"	"	Died at Helena, Ark., Aug., 1863.
Pidgey Wm.	25	"	Dec. 18, '62	"
Campbell Allen M.	23	"	Feb. 18, '64	"
Davis James H.	18	"	Feb. 9, 1864	"
McAlpin Solomon	18	"	Feb. 13, 1864	"

COMPANY "K," TWENTY-NINTH IOWA INFANTRY.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Allen J. Chantry	21	2d Lieut.	Aug. 13, '62	Commissioned Dec. 1, 1862.
Thompson D. A.	43	Private.	Aug. 9, 1862	Promoted to Commissary Sergeant Dec. 2, 1862
Andetson William	...	"	"	Discharged—over age.

COMPANY "C," FOURTH MISSOURI CAVALRY--State Militia.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
James H. Brown.....	30	1st Lieut.	March 1, '62	
Green R. Strong.....	37	1st Sergt.	April 1, 1862	
Wilson H. Brown.....	29	"	Mar. 18, '62	Discharged for disability at Springfield, Mo.
Isaac E. Woods.....	29	"	April 1, 1862	Reduced to ranks June 25, 1862.
Cunningham Thos.....	31	Private.	Mar. 18, '62	Died at St. Joseph, Mo., May 14, 1862.
Low Harlan P.....	22	"	April 1, 1862	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant.

COMPANY "G," FOURTH MISSOURI CAVALRY--State Militia.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Donnell James M.....	38	Private.	April 5, 1862	Appointed Captain July 30; resigned Dec., '62
Smith Joseph.....	40	"	Mar. 24, '62	
Sheaf James.....	18	"	Apr. 10, '62	Disch. by Post Surgeon at St. Jo., Apr. 29, '62

Additional Enlistments in First Iowa Cavalry. Unassigned.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Martin Benjamin F.....	18	Private.	Dec. 9, 1863	
Smith Willis C.....	18	"	Jan. 4, 1864	
Wilson Ismael S.....	21	"	Jan. 1, 1864	

Miscellaneous Companies and Regiments in Which Page County
Citizens Served During the Rebellion.

COMPANY "A," FIRST IOWA CAVALRY.

NAMES.	AGE.	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
Abraham Wilson.....	20	Private.	Sept. 8, '62	
COMPANY "M," FIRST IOWA CAVALRY.				
James B. Kempton.....	20	Private	Jan. 4, '64	
COMPANY "G," SEVENTEENTH IOWA INFANTRY.				
Stephen Reasoner.....	19	Private	Mar. 17, '63	

NOTE.—A few mistakes have been discovered in the original records from which this is taken, and the same have been corrected. Others may appear; this, however, is unavoidable. Public records usually state facts, without giving a reason; but history should explain itself. The record states that a certain Sergeant in Company C, 4th Missouri State Militia, was reduced to the ranks, without giving a reason why. If rightly understood, the same acts for which he was reduced, if committed a little later,—merit alone being considered,—would have given him command of a regiment. It was this: He wished to fight the enemy at first as the Federal army was compelled to fight them at last. John C. Fremont was relieved of his command in the West for doing an act that was altogether proper at a later day. There is not a shade of disloyalty or discredit attached in either case.—AUTHOR.

THIRD IOWA CAVALRY.

NAMES.	AGE...	RANK.	ENTERED SERVICE.	REMARKS.
George Woods.....	...	Private.	Sept. 8, '62	Died at Davenport Jan. 27, '63, of typhoid fever
Jeremiah Young.....	...	"	Jan. 1, 1864	Company not known.....
FIRST IOWA BATTERY.				
David Edwards.....	18.	...	Jan. 2, 1864	...
James C. Iker.....	...	...	Jan. 1, 1864	...
COMPANY "K," FIFTEENTH ILLINOIS INFANTRY.				
H. A. Huston.....	31	Private.	Nov. 1, 1861	...
COMPANY "H," TWENTY-FIFTH MISSOURI INFANTRY.				
Charles H. Page.....	18.	...	Nov. 27, '61	...

NOTE.—In the column of "remarks" under the head of Company "A," 8th Iowa Cavalry, Newman, Ga., should be Newnan, Ga.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END.

§ SOLDIER, halt! No need to ask you to surrender. Rest! See, a white flag approaches Appomattox Court House. A dispatch is handed to Lieutenant General Ulysses S. Grant. Read:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, }
April 9, 1865. }

GENERAL:—I received your letter of this date, containing the terms of the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia, as proposed by you. As they are substantially the same as those expressed in your letter of the 8th inst., they are accepted. I will proceed to designate the proper officers to carry the stipulations into effect.

R. E. LEE, *General*.

Lieutenant General U. S. GRANT.

Johnston surrendered April 24, on the same terms to Gen. Sherman.

The last gun in the war was fired in a skirmish near the Rio Grande, May 13, 1865.

On the 2d of June, Lieut. Gen. Grant issued his farewell order to the late defenders of the Republic:

SOLDIERS OF THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES:—Your marches, sieges, and battles, in distance, duration, resolution, and brilliancy of results, dim the luster of the world's past military achievements, and will be the patriot's precedents in defense of liberty

and the right in all time to come. In obedience to your country's call, you left your homes and families and volunteered in its defense. Victory has crowned your valor and secured the purpose of your patriotic hearts, and with the gratitude of your countrymen, and the highest honors a great free nation can accord, you will soon be permitted to return to your homes and families, conscious of having discharged the highest duty of American citizens. — *Extract from the Personal History of U. S. Grant.*

While the army from Page County was yet in the field, there was a proclamation issued by His Excellency Governor Wm. M. Stone, to the effect that he would present to the County that would contribute most to the support of the families of the soldiers a silk banner worth one hundred dollars. It is needless to say that Page County received the banner, and, with it, the title, justly won, "the Banner County of the State."



SERVICES RENDERED BY PAGE COUNTY'S
SOLDIERS DURING THE REBELLION.

FOURTH IOWA INFANTRY.

Extracts from Gen. Williamson's farewell address.

It need not be said to men like you, who have fought on more than thirty different battle fields; who under Curtis won *immortal honors* at Pea Ridge, and made the memorable march through Missouri and Arkansas in mid-summer; who were ordered by Gen. Grant to inscribe "First at Chickasaw Bayou" on your banners; who were under Sherman at Chickasaw Bayou and Arkansas Post; who were under Grant through the entire campaign at Vicksburg, including Jackson and Brandon; who marched from Vicksburg to Chattanooga, under Sherman; who fought with Hooker "above the clouds" at Lookout Mountain, and were with him at Missionary Ridge and Ringgold; who were under Sherman through the entire campaign and participated in every battle; and who again, under their great leader, made the famous "March to the Sea," and then to Washington to be good citizens.

FOURTH IOWA CAVALRY—ITS CONDUCT AT THE BIG BLUE, MISSOURI, AND OSAGE, KANSAS.

From the Iowa Adjutant General's Report for 1865, page 975.

On the 23d of October, 1864, the enemy was brought to bay, and Generals Marmaduke and Fagan's divisions took up a strong position on the west side of the Big Blue River, near Westport. * * * The Fourth Iowa was in front, and did its duty. * * In this charge the Fourth Iowa was very conspicuous, and drew forth the highest encomiums from Major Generals Curtis, Pleasanton, and Blunt. * * * In the brilliant charge at Osage, October 25, 1864, the Fourth Iowa had the honor of leading, and, by its daring impetuosity, contributed largely to the glory of the day. * * * The result of this victory was a loss to the enemy of one thousand killed and wounded; one thousand prisoners, among whom were Generals Marmaduke and Cabell; eight pieces of artillery; one hundred wagons loaded with stores and ammunition, etc., etc. The following is an extract from a general order of Maj. Gen. Pleasanton, commander of the Federal forces in the engagements above referred to:

The regiments of the Fourth Brigade (to which the Fourth Iowa belonged) are authorized to place upon their colors "Big Blue and Osage."

By command of Major General Pleasanton.

TWENTY-THIRD IOWA INFANTRY—ITS CONDUCT AT BLACK RIVER AND MILLIKEN'S BEND.

Of the conduct of this regiment at the battle of Black River, Miss., May 17, 1863, its division commander, Gen. E. A. Carr, in his official report of the action, said: "The Twenty-third Iowa, Lt. Col. S. L. Glasgow, with its gallant commander, behaved admirably." The following is an extract from General Grant's official report of the same battle:

After a few hours' skirmishing Lawler discovered that by moving a portion of his brigade, under cover of the river bank, he could get a position from which that place could be success-

fully assaulted, and ordered a charge accordingly. Notwithstanding the level ground over which a portion of the troops had to pass without cover, and the great obstacle of the ditch in front of the enemy's works, the charge was gallantly and successfully made, and in a few minutes the entire garrison, with seventeen pieces of artillery, were the trophies of this brilliant and daring movement.

Col. Kinsman was killed in this action, and was succeeded in the command of the regiment by Lieut. Col. S. L. Glasgow.

The part taken by this regiment in the engagement at Milliken's Bend, La., was a brilliant and conspicuous one. After the regiment had been fearfully reduced at the battle of Black River, the remainder of the regiment was stationed at Young's Point to guard prisoners and hold the post as a kind of convalescent camp. At this time there were rumors of an attack on some troops, mostly colored, at Milliken's Bend, some twenty miles above. On the evening of June 6, 1863, one hundred and thirty-five men of this regiment were detailed for duty at that point; and, true, on the morning of the 7th the threatened attack was made. Twenty-five hundred Texans, or Dick Taylor's cavalry,—not definitely known which,—made a charge on the 800 colored troops, 400 on the right and 400 on the left, and the Twenty-third Iowa in the center. Just at dawn the clay-colored horde made its appearance, silent as a brigade of ghosts; only a low sound could be heard saying, "Steady, boys,—steady, boys," and on they came to within sixty feet of the line. At this critical moment Col. Glasgow gave the command "Fire!" The effect was plainly visible. The Twenty-third then fell back under a heavy fire to the river bank. The enemy, knowing that there was a gun-boat at hand, and suspecting a still larger force concealed, did not pursue, but turned in a direction down the river, and thus passed out of sight. In this action

twenty-three of the regiment were killed and forty-eight wounded. The colored troops suffered still more; nearly all of the 400 on the left of the regiment were killed. Thus ended the most sanguinary (cannot call it battle) affair that took place during the entire war.

TWENTY-NINTH IOWA INFANTRY.

Extract from the report of Col. S. A. Rice of the action at Helena, Ark., July 4, 1863.

The officers and soldiers of the Twenty-ninth Iowa acted with the utmost coolness and bravery, and steadily gained ground from the first onset. I take special pleasure in referring to Col. Benton * * and to Maj. Shoemaker, who are worthy of special mention.

HISTORY OF THE EIGHTH IOWA CAVALRY, BY COL. J. B. DORR.

I take pleasure (referring to a number, among whom were Sergt. Peter H. Seay and Corpl. Joseph B. Chamberlain) in incorporating their names in this report, because the enlisted soldier whose gallantry wins promotion from his commanding officer rarely reaps any other reward than the consciousness of having done his duty. * * * Two hundred and ninety-two enlisted men and twenty-four commissioned officers started on the McCook raid; twenty men and officers returned to our lines. I cannot say all I would of the gallant dead, or the equally gallant living, who became the victims of remorseless traitors in the vile prisons of the Southern Confederacy. Their gallantry has endeared them to me, and to their surviving comrades, and it is but a brief and well merited tribute to their sufferings to say that they bore them as men and patriots.

In summing up the history of the regiment for the year 1864, I may be permitted to say that it has seen about as hard and continuous service as has fallen

to the lot of any command in the same time. It has—without including skirmishes, which are many—taken part in fifteen engagements. The casualties amount to one hundred and sixty-eight, not including over two hundred men and officers taken prisoners.

FIFTH IOWA CAVALRY.

This regiment was first known as Curtis' Horse, and was changed to Fifth Iowa Cavalry June 25, 1862. This regiment has many encomiums from commanding officers "too numerous to mention."

FIRST NEBRASKA.

The two companies of this regiment which were from Page County—Companies "F" and "I"—participated in the following engagements: Blackwater, Mo., Jan., 1862, where the regiment captured 1,300 prisoners; Ft. Donelson, Tenn., Feb. 12, 1862; Pittsburg Landing, April 6 and 7, 1862, Co. "F" losing one man killed and several wounded; Cape Girardeau, Mo., April 26, 1863, and Chalk Bluffs, Mo., two days later; innumerable skirmishes in Arkansas in 1863 and 1864. In the latter year the regiment was sent out on the Plains to fight Indians. It remained in this service until mustered out, in the summer of 1866. The author has not had access to the official records of this regiment, they being in Nebraska, but has obtained his information from surviving members of the regiment now residing in Page County.

TWENTY-FIFTH MISSOURI.

This regiment in which Co. "K," the company from Page County, served was in the battle of Pittsburg Landing, or Shiloh, in which engagement it lost heavily, and took part in all the other services rendered by the Army of the Tennessee.

Other regiments richly deserve special mention, but their records are not accessible; their memory, however, will ever exist.

COUNTY OFFICIALS AND REPRESENTATIVES IN THE THIRD PERIOD.

County Judges.—N. B. Moore, elected in 1861; T. R. Stockton, 1863; John R. Morledge, 1865.

Clerks.—Charles Linderman, elected in 1860; J. Butler, 1862; J. Butler, 1864; J. Butler, 1866.

Treasurer and Recorder.—Solomon West, elected in 1861; J. R. Hinchman, in 1863; Henry Dorsey, in 1865.

Sheriffs.—B. B. Hutton, elected in 1861; B. B. Hutton, 1863; George W. Burns, 1865.

Surveyors.—J. Cross, elected in 1861; J. Cross, 1863; J. Cross, 1865; T. J. Garnett, 1866.

Superintendents of Schools.—J. S. Maughlin, elected in 1861; J. A. Woods, 1863; J. A. Woods, 1865.

Drainage Commissioners.—John Buckingham, elected in 1861; Jacob Simonton, appointed in 1862; Lewis Conn, 1863.

Coroners.—J. C. McCandless, elected in 1861; J. C. McCandless, 1863.

Representatives in the State Legislature.—G. A. Gordon, elected in 1861; N. L. Van Sandt, elected in 1863; Charles Linderman, 1865.

RESUME OF THE THIRD PERIOD.

This period was a very unfortunate one for improvements. Land sold, in many cases, for less than government price. Squads of marauding parties passed occasionally through the County. Company "C," Southern Border Brigade, and the State Militia, twelve companies, under command of Col. Morledge, were always on the alert and made several expeditions, one as far south as St. Joseph, Missouri.

Space forbids the mention of these companies by name; they were composed, however, of all the available male population that was left out of the volunteer army in the service of the United States. The ladies did their part nobly, in every way possible, in lending a helping hand to the soldier in the field and to the support of his little folks at home; many of them used the plow in cultivating the fields, and would have used the musket if they had been permitted by law.

Now the leaden hail-storm is over. The surviving soldiers begin to return; many homes are made happy; new life springs up in the few citizens; the right hand of fellowship is extended to the soldiers, and improvements unparalleled in the history of any country begin.



FOURTH PERIOD—FROM THE CLOSE OF
THE WAR OF THE REBELLION, IN 1865,
TO THE PRESENT TIME.

THIS period may properly be considered the period of improvements in this County. Hundreds of good settlers from other States settle down on the wild and uncultivated lands of the "Kingdom," and hundreds of handsome dwellings and fields of golden grain spring up, and, before the settlers realize the situation, the iron horse gallops down the valley of the Nodaway.

TOWNSHIP HISTORY.

Grant Township.—This Township, as has been stated, was a part of Tarkio.* The first settlement made in this Township was made on section 5, by John F. M. Porter, in 1856. Mr. Porter states that when he went to Council Bluffs to enter his land he asked the Clerk for a plat of township 69, range 39. In a short time the Clerk complied, but Mr. Porter thought the plat was blank, and told the Clerk that

*The history of this Township, as it here appears, was written for the second period, but, by re-paging the manuscript, it was accidentally overlooked.

he wished the plat to show the entered land, to which the Clerk replied that it did; he then saw that the forty near where Mr. Farnham's fine dwelling now stands had been entered by George Miller. In the same year section 31 was settled by Nicholas Taylor. The next settlement was made on section 30, by Charles LeBaron, in 1858. Edward Whiting, Hulbert McConney, and David Heckathorn settled in section 20, on Four-Mile Creek, in 1860. This brings Grant up to the war period.

Grant includes congressional township No. 69, range 39 west. Though among the last Townships organized, it is not therefore the least in importance. Grant is certainly one of the most beautiful Townships in the County, and in the items of large farms and rapid improvements it will vie with any other Township in the State.

The few settlers above mentioned were the only ones up to the close of the third period, in 1865. Now the Townships are all organized, and Grant begins to settle and improve beyond the expectations of its own citizens. The next settlement besides those already mentioned was made by Jeff. Williams, on section 32, in the year 1868 or 1869. The Nebraska City branch of the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad was completed through this Township in 1870, and the town of Shenandoah was laid out.

The first sale of lots in this town took place in August, 1870. The foundation of a town was laid. S. P. Carpenter built the first house; but before a respectable town could be built and recognized by its nearest neighbors a city sprang up. The school in 1871 was taught by Miss Eunice Baker, in a little concern that had been built for a barn, and several terms afterwards were taught in Mentzer's Hall; and then the people begin to talk of building a school

house worth about one or two thousand dollars, but before the lumber could be hauled on the ground and the lot selected a brick structure, worth \$20,000, is seen standing on the hill just east of the main business part of the city; and now that fine and commodious building contains a graded school of 221 students, with Prof. C. C. Chase as principal and four assistant teachers. The population of Shenandoah in 1875 was 711. Grant Township contains seven good school houses besides the one already mentioned, with a school population of 324. In educational facilities Grant is in good condition.

In the item of large farms, the largest is that of J. T. Rankin, situated on parts of sections 3, 2, 10, and 11. This farm contains 1,090 acres, and produced annually 40,000 bushels of corn.

Other large farms may be mentioned, such as John X. Griffith's and W. A. Smith's, on section 16; Ed. Day's on section 15, and L. B. Day's, on 22; Adam Friez, on 13 and 14, 740 acres; also, that of G. H. Chase, on section 35; J. F. M. Porter, 570 acres, and many others. In fact, if one goes to catch "small fry" in Grant Township, he will catch no fish.

Coming down to smaller farms of 320 acres numerous names may be mentioned, as James Borland, W. T. Farnham, H. C. Hunt, 11, 32, 33; J. G. Weech, sections 6 and 8; A. B. Woodford, sections 17, 18, etc.; J. A. Rhodes, section 13, 160 acres; George Z. Redfield, section 8 and 9, 280 acres; J. B. Hoffman, section 34, 240 acres, and many others.

SHENANDOAH.

As has been stated, the town was laid out in August, 1870. Shortly after W. E. Webster established a drug store. Dr. B. M. Webster was the first physician; W. P. Ferguson was the first attorney. The following is a

CONDENSED VIEW OF THE BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF
SHENANDOAH.

NAMES.	NATURE OF BUSINESS.	WHEN CLOSED.
O. H. Rider & Co...	Dry Goods.....	1875.....
A. McCormick.....	Dry Goods.....	
Pace & Wilcox.....	Dry Goods.....	
D. W. Stuart.....	Dry Goods.....	
W. E. Webster.....	Drugs.....	1873.....
S. B. Duffield & Co	Drugs.....	
Burnett & Co.....	Drugs.....	
Hurt Brothers.....	Groceries.....	
Mentzer Brothers...	Groceries.....	
C. Hardenburg.....	Groceries.....	
Dority, Gregg & Co	Clothing.....	
R. B. Crose.....	General Merchandise.	
J. L. Myers.....	Furniture.....	
Cary & Warren.....	Hardware.....	
Wilford & Quinby..	Wagons.....	
Lake & Bender.....	Harness.....	
J. T. Kemp & Co...	Grain.....	
Moore & Webster...	Bankers.....	1875.....
Thos. H. Read.....	Bankers.....	
T. J. Farnham.....		
T. J. Williams.....		1871.....
Cole, Swain & Co...	Bankers.....	
Welty & Barlow....	Lumber.....	
Cox & Hurt.....	Livery Stable.....	
James McCabe.....	Lawyer.....	
W. M. Brown.....	Lawyer.....	
G. I. Ross.....	Physician.....	
H. P. Duffield.....	Physician.....	
T. W. Chase.....	Physician.....	
J. C. Chesshire.....	Dentist and Physician	
S. P. Carpenter	Hotel.....	1872.....
C. W. Webster.....	Hotel.....	1875.....
Thomas Lytle.....	Hotel.....	

The Shenandoah *Reporter*, published by George W. Gunnison, Jr., editor and proprietor.

Premont Township.—In the item of large farms that one owned by W. W. Russell is, perhaps, the

largest; it includes all of section 20, surrounded by an artificial grove of forest trees, and on the farm a new and commodious residence. Mr. Henry C. Binns owns a farm of 750 acres. About an average crop may be estimated from the following figures, which is the actual count from the owner: Three thousand six hundred bushels of wheat; eleven thousand bushels of corn; fourteen hundred bushels of barley; four hundred and fifty bushels of flaxseed. If this is not satisfactory, take his next neighbor, Mr. Benjamin Davis. His crop for one year is 2,500 bushels of wheat, 11,000 bushels of corn, besides other farm products. Other farms may be mentioned. C. A. Falk's is also among the large farms in this Township.

Fremont has nine school houses, and a school population of 218.

HISTORY OF FREMONT AND DOUGLAS TOWNSHIPS.

As has been stated, Fremont was settled first by H. C. Binns and Ben Davis, in 1854, and Douglas by Levi Reeves and James Black in the same year. Other settlements were not very numerous until about the year 1870, when these Townships were settled by the Swedes, who emigrated from Illinois and from Sweden—among whom may be mentioned Anthony Johnson, Chas. Johnson, P. J. Johnson, I. M. Johnson, A. G. Warner, and C. A. Falk. These Swedes are among the best farmers in the County, and support with all their might the public school system of their newly adopted State.

There are of this class of citizens in the County two thousand inhabitants, and the number is steadily being increased.

[Translated by Julius Alex. Carlson.]

HISTORIA AF FREMONT OCH DOUGLAS TOWNSHIPS.

Som har varit wamt Fremont var forst bebyggd af

H. C. Binns och Ben Davis ar 1854, och Douglas af Levi Reeves och James Black samma ar

Anlaggningar af andra nybyggen voro icke talrika till ungefär 1870, da desse Townshopen blefvo bebyggda af Swenskarna, hvilka emigrade ifran Illinois och Sverige ibland hvilka nu namnas Anthony Johnson, Charles Johnson, P. J. Johnson, I. M. Johnson, A. G. Warner, och C. A. Falk. Desse Swenskar aro ibland de baste jordbrukare i Countyet, och understodja med all formaga det allmanna skol-system af deras nyligen adopterade Stat. Der ar af denna klass af medborgare inom Countyet 2,000 innevanare och deras antal okas bestandigt

Note.—In all cases where the number of the section occurs in connection with a name it means parts of sections, and not all.

Pierce Township.—In the item of large farms, Pierce also stands in the front rank. Space must yield to the mention of a few. That of D. W. Jones, 35, 600 acres; Wm. North, section 36, 680; Wesley C. Goff, section 7, 400 acres; also, old settler and stock dealer, Moses Chandler, section 2; A. C. Gibnore, section 11; S. D. Rynearson, section 3; W. B. Rankin, section 29; T. S. David, section 8; A. Caldwell, 17; J. Caldwell, section 8, and R. Fallers, section 8.

Essex was laid out in 1870. R. B. Wood built the first house, and was the first postmaster at that place.

BUSINESS VIEW OF ESSEX.

NAMES OF FIRMS.	NATURE OF BUSINESS.
Caldwell, John & Co.....	Dry Goods.....
Nye & Davis.....	Dry Goods and Groceries..
C. Nichol.....	Dry Goods and Groceries..
Fauber & Arbaugh.....	Groceries and Provisions..
Glandon & Co.....	Groceries and Provisions..
Glandon & Co.....	Meat Market.....
Lorgerquist & Johnson..	Furniture.....

BUSINESS VILW. OF ESSEX—CONTINUED.

NAMES OF FIRMS.	NATURE OF BUSINESS.
Wm. Maxwell.....	Bakery, etc.....
J. D. Jones.....	Restaurant (closed).....
L. H. Dempsey.....	Restaurant.....
O. M. Burbans.....	Druggist.....
W. H. Johns.....	Druggist.....
A. J. Anderson.....	Druggist.....
— Nickels.....	Druggist.....
Day & Maloney.....	Hardware & Implements.....
J. T. Phillips.....	Implement Dealer.....
Alden & Poe.....	Lumber.....
Bryson & Son.....	Lumber Dealers.....
Day & Co.....	Grain Merchants.....
J. C. Jones.....	Grain Merchant.....
B. S. Pendleton.....	Dealer in Flaxseed.....
B. M. Webster & Co.....	Bankers.....
Hanna & Bros.....	Lawyers.....
O. G. Sexton.....	Lawyer.....
W. H. C. Moore.....	Physician and Surgeon.....
T. C. Goodridge.....	Physician and Surgeon.....
O. M. Burbans.....	Physician and Surgeon.....
J. N. Page.....	Physician and Surgeon.....
C. Morgan.....	Proprietor Morgan House.....
Alonzo Blake.....	Proprietor Union House.....
El. L. Heath.....	Publisher Essex <i>Indr.</i>

Postmaster—W. C. Maxwell.

Justice of the Peace—J. B. Baird.

THE TRADE OF ESSEX.

L. B. Day & Co., within the space of ninety days, shipped from that town 168,000 bushels of wheat; 38,000 bushels of barley; 19,000 bushels of oats; 4,000 bushels of rye, and 41,000 bushels of flax-seed, making a grand total of 270,000 bushels; and this is the business of only one firm.

In Pierce township there are six school houses—not including Essex—and a school population of 194. Essex has a good school house, but too small; it must give way to another, which they are now building, and will cost, perhaps, \$10,000.

Valley Township.—In the item of large farm Valley Township comes to the front. That of A. P. West may be mentioned as one of the largest in the County—1,332 acres, on sections 3, 4, 9, and 10; next Alexander Dyke, on sections 9, 16, 17, 24—620 acres; Andrew Platter (estate) on 15, 4; A. M. Tice, on sections 27 and 28; J. D. Sullivan, section 32; George Sams, 16, 21, 29; Nathan Orme, section 36; William Osbourn, section 36; J. W. Orme, section 25; Wm. Orme, section 36; Thomas Moore, sections 4, 10, 15; George Cagley, section 31; Wm. Coplain, sections 24, 25; Asher Chase, sections 27, 28; Beavers Seldon, section 21; A. J. Beavers, section 33; John Bryson, sections 21, 22. These are all old settlers; the Ormes settled as early as 1857. Besides this display of large farms, Valley can also boast of a town—Hepburn, on the Brownville & Nodaway Valley Railroad,—and eight school houses, with a school population of 322.

East River Township.—In the item of large farms in East River, may be mentioned that of Thomas Campbell, situated on sections 10 and 15—316 acres; this is one of the oldest farms in the Township, and perhaps among the best. Others—that of John Couch, on sections 23, 33. Betsey Clark, on sections 35 and 36; Pleasant Davidson, on section 21; G. Dougherty, section 24—440 acres; Harlin Davidson, sections 2, 10, 11; Christian Hamm, sections 57, 28; J. H. Hatfield, sections 22, 27, 28—380 acres; J. L. Beery, section 33; B. F. Beery, sections 28, 29, 33; Wm. Cuning, section 16; C. W. Pace, sections 3, 4, 10, 9; J. A. Thompson, sections 10, 15; Martin Warren, section 23—160 acres. Many other farms of 160 acres or more might be given, but space forbids.

East River has one village—Dayton, or Memory, as it is called in Taylor County. The town is Memory in Taylor and Dayton in Page. East River contains most of the coalbeds in the County. East River

has eight school houses, and a school population of 320. [*Note.*—"School population," in this history, means all persons between 5 and 21 years of age.]

Before the reader can pass from the history of East River he is called upon to pause and read an account of one of the saddest events that has occurred in this County, viz: The explosion of the boiler in Brown's Mill, on section 9 of this Township, and on the 2d day of March, 1868, instantly killing two men—George Miller and Samuel Brown—and severely injuring several others, among whom may be mentioned W. G. B. Miller, then a small boy, who carries the marks of this sad disaster until this day. The mill was left nothing more nor less than a mass of *debris*.

Buchanan Township.—In the item of large farms the greatest amount of land assessed to any one man in 1875 was to N. B. Moore, on sections 12, 18, 19, and 30—990 acres; then comes the farm of Samuel Nixon, sections 8, 9, 16—445 acres; G. W. Phipps, sections 15, 22, 11—420 acres; George E. Martin, sections 17, 18, 20, sold 460 acres to John W. Hodgins; N. C. Martin, sections 19, 23, 29; Gus. Laub, section 9; H. Laub, sections 10, 11, 14, 23; G. W. Farrens, section 27; D. M. Farrens, sections 22, 27—165 acres; Jephtha Grove, sections 7 and 8; Joshua Good, sections 9, 10; C. A. Frink, sections 4, 5, 8, 7; Alexander Eads, sections 10, 11, 12; E. McFarland, section 24; Samuel Davison, sections 5, 8, 6; Isaac Davidson, sections 29, 30; Anna Horning, section 7—320 acres; D. Calhoon, sections 3, 7; J. T. Calhoon, section 10; Joseph Snodgrass, sections 2, 11; Peter Beabout, sections 13, 14, 24—330 acres; Robert Snodgrass, section 3; Amos Remington, section 16; John Nixon, sections 4, 9, 7, 19—323 acres; Mitchell Reed, and a great many others of 160 acres or more.

Buchanan has also a village—Bradlyville—and an

iron bridge across the Nodaway river at that point; and eight school houses, with a school population of 401.

Nodaway Township.—After the close of the war the inhabitants of Nodaway Township increased rapidly. The number of inhabitants in 1875, including Clarinda, was 2,374; number of dwelling houses, 459; number of school houses, 13, one of which is a grade school of eight grades, and ranks among the best schools in the State—Prof. J. A. Woods, principal. The number of pupils enrolled in the district township in 1870, including Clarinda, was 562; in 1875 the number was 933; the value of school houses, \$21,300. The district township is now independent, and contains thirteen independent school districts, and as many school houses. The school population in this year (1876) is, including Clarinda, 1,235.

Large Farms.—If not in magnitude, Nodaway can boast of numbers, because it is one-half larger than any other Township in the County. Moses Thompson owns a farm of 643 acres on sections 24, 25, 19, 30, 28, but the largest farm in Nodaway is that owned by B. F. Runnels, on sections 7, 8, 17, 18, and contains 820 acres; Dr. H. C. Brandt, sections 17, 20, 21, 28—560 acres; J. H. Powers, sections 18, 25, 36—538 acres; J. A. Woods, sections 32, 28—257 acres; Henry Wagoner, section 16—320 acres; W. H. Widney, section 17—160 acres; A. J. Walker, sections 29, 35—168 acres; Isaac Vanarsdol, sections 36, 31—224 acres; Solomon Round, sections 26, 28, 35—206 acres; Jacob Kinsey, sections 29, 35—170 acres; A. Pfander, sections 13, 21—170; Chas. Pfander, sections 34, 35, 11, 2—288 acres; James McCowan, sections 1, 8, 16, 17—523 acres; H. H. Fosbrink, sections 20, 21—177 acres; Fred. Fisher, sections 24, 25—420 acres; Henry D. Farrens, sections 29, 30—364 acres; Nathan Douthitt,

sections 11, 18, 21—259 acres; John Beasley, sections 34, 35—175 acres; John Annan, sections 29, 16, 21—400 acres; David Abbott, 480 acres, and scores of good farms of 80 acres, nearly all of which is in a good state of cultivation, enclosed, in most cases, with hedge fence.

A CONDENSED VIEW OF THE BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF
CLARINDA, BESIDES THOSE ALREADY MENTIONED.

NAMES.	KIND OF BUSINESS.	ESTABLISHED <i>Ancient Business Closed.</i>
John Calhoon.....	Dry Goods & Gr's	1862.....*
Cathcart & Co.....	Dry Goods & Gr's	1862.....
J. D. Hawley.....	Dry Goods & Gr's	1866.....
Hite & Loran.....	Furniture.....	1869 1870
A. T. Clement.....	Furniture.....	1869.....
J. H. Conine.....	Drugs.....	1858 1871
Loy & Van Sandt.....	Drugs.....	1871 1875
A. Loran & Co.....	Dry Goods.....	1866 1870
Loran & Cooper.....	Dry Goods.....	1866 1863
Hiatt & Loy.....	Groceries.....	1865 1870
J. Akin.....	Groceries.....	1870 1870
Miller & Polsley.....	Groceries.....	1870 1871
D. Polsley.....	Groceries.....	1871 1873
C. Landers.....	Groceries.....	1864 1872
C. Landers & Son.....	Groceries.....	1874.....
I. N. J. Hartford.....	Groceries.....	1875.....
W. A. Price.....	Groceries.....	1860 1861
C. Price.....	Groceries.....	1861 1870
Calhoon & Bracken.....	Dry Goods & Gr's	1864 1874
R. B. Hite.....	Furniture.....	1870.....
R. W. Scott.....	Harness.....	1862.....
Reiner & Berry.....	Hardware.....	..... 1873
McDonald Bros.....	Hardware.....	1873 1876
Crowley & Vance.....	Hardware.....	1876.....*
Dunlap & Lyman.....	Hardware.....	1874 1875
Dunlap & Miller.....	Hardware.....	1875.....

A CONDENSED VIEW OF THE BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF
CLARINDA—CONTINUED.

NAMES.	KIND OF BUSINESS.	ESTABLISHED	Ancient Busi- ness Closed.
S. M. Crooks.....	Meat Market.....	1868	1874
S. M. Crooks.....	Dry Goods.....	1874	.....
John P. Burrows.....	Drugs.....	1872	.....
East & Thompson.....	Drugs.....	1861	1868
Sol. West.....	Drugs.....	1864	1870
C. T. Haskins.....	Dry Goods.....	1862	1864
J. C. Holmes.....	Drugs.....	1870	1872
Reiner & Berry.....	Dry Goods.....	1873	.....
S. Bean.....	Silversmith.....	1864	1875
McGuire & Bedwell.....	Silversmiths.....	1875	.....
T. J. Braeken.....	Dry Goods & Gr's.....	1865	1875
J. H. Hatfield.....	Clothing.....	1875	.....
V. Graff.....	Clothing.....	1870	.....
Maxwell & Yetter.....	Dry Goods.....	1871	.....
Loy & Parish.....	Drugs.....	1875	.....
Stoney & McIntyre.....	Groceries.....	1872	1875
W. P. Henderson & Co.....	Groceries.....	1875	.....
Burns & Norton.....	Livery Stable.....	1870	1872
Burns & Davidson.....	Livery Stable.....	1872	1875
Burns & Son.....	Livery Stable.....	1875	.....
J. A. & M. Snodgrass.....	Groceries.....	1874	.....
John Whitcomb.....	Restaurant.....	1869	.....
Holmes & Norton.....	Drugs.....	1872	1874
Holmes & Stocking.....	Drugs.....	1875	.....
Butler, Thompson & Co.....	Dry G'ds & Hardw.....	1872	1874
Jacob Butler.....	Dry Goods.....	1874	1875
Butler Bros.....	Grain Elevator.....	1874	.....
Cramer & Rogers.....	Jewelers.....	1875	.....
Becman & Caldwell.....	Boots and Shoes.....	1875	.....
William Lutton.....	Restaurant.....	1875	*
Moore & McIntyre.....	Bankers.....	1866	1872
N. B. Moore, President.....	1st National Bank.....	1872	.....
W. E. Webster, Pres't.....	1st National Bank.....	1875	.....
Read & Farnham.....	Bankers.....	1870	1875
Collins & West.....	Bankers.....	1874	1875
John R. Morledge.....	Lawyer.....	1857	1871

A CONDENSED VIEW OF THE BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF
CLARINDA—CONTINUED.

NAMES.	KIND OF BUSINESS.	ESTABLISHED	Ancient Busi- ness Closed.
Morledge & McPherrin.....	Lawyers.....	1871	1874
John R. Morledge.....	Lawyer.....	1874	
William McPherrin.....	Lawyer.....	1874	
Hepburn & Morsman.....	Lawyers.....	1868	1870
W. W. Morsman.....	Lawyer.....	1870	1876
W. P. Hepburn.....	Lawyer.....	1870	1875
Hepburn & Thummel.....	Lawyers.....	1875	
James M. Briggs.....	Lawyer.....	1869	
T. E. Clark.....	Lawyer.....	1870	1875
Raymond Loran.....	Lawyer.....	1875	
N. B. Moore.....	Lawyer.....	1869	
Moore & Stockton.....	Lawyers.....	1864	1866
Morsman & Clark.....	Lawyers.....	1876	
J. L. Batchelor.....	Lawyer.....	1875	
Cake & Johnson.....	Lawyers.....	1876	
James L. Barrett.....	Physician.....	1855	
Samuel H. Kridelbaugh.....	Physician.....	1855	
N. L. Van Sandt.....	Physician.....	1858	
P. W. Lewellen.....	Physician.....	1865	
M. Enfield.....	Physician.....	1872	
J. W. Jones.....	Physician.....	1874	
J. I. Stillians.....	Physician.....	1866	
W. C. Stillians.....	Physician.....	1873	
A. T. Rice.....	Physician.....	1876	
G. W. Wertz.....	Dentist.....	1875	
John P. Brown.....	Dentist.....	1871	
Osgood & Kimball.....	Lumber.....	1869	
Jerome F. Yates.....	Lumber.....	1872	1876
Merrill Bros.....	Lumber.....	1876	

In the fall of 1872 the Brownville & Nodaway Valley Railroad was completed, and a depot opened September 26, 1872. In the spring of 1874 the new court house was completed.

The new M. E. Church, or chapel, was built in 1865; the Universalist Church in 1866; the First Baptist Church gives its own date, 1863; the United Presbyterian Church in 1868.

To the original town plat of Clarinda there have been added the following Additions: Ribble's, Frazier's, Farrens's, Ribble's First Railroad, Ribble's Second Railroad, and Powers's—including an area of 933 acres.

Postmasters.—In addition to those already mentioned (see page 26) Colonel A. R. Anderson was succeeded by Thos. Evans, who held the office six years; then by S. F. Thompson, F. L. Cramer, N. L. Van Sandt, and A. Loran, the present Postmaster.

The Clarinda Hotel.—(See History, p. 27). Baker to Smith, Smith to John Beam, the present proprietor, who commenced business at this old stand April 2, 1866.

The Western House—Established 1873 by B. F. Tanner. Tanner to Gardner, and Gardner to the present proprietor, Saml. W. Scott.

Livery Stables.—The first livery stable established by Lem Davidson; afterward moved out in the country. The next stable established by George Miller, in 1867. This stable, situated on the southeast corner of the square, has been transferred several times, but is now the property of Samuel Weidner & Son.

Burns & Norton established the stable, occupied by Burns & Son now, in 1870.

Woolen Factory History.—These mills have now been under successful operation for the last twelve years. About fifteen years ago the first roll card was started at this place and the power used was ox power. In 1863 J. C. McCandless, G. W. Maiden, and James Piper built the present main building, and put in a small engine, a new set of manufacturing cards, a

roll-card, a spinning machine, and two new looms, and made other minor improvements. Mr. Pipersold his interest in a short time to A. S. Meek, and about 1867 McCandless sold out to Maiden and Meek, who carried on the business until 1869, when Meek sold out to James Gartside, of Taylor County, Iowa, and the firm of Maiden & Gartside operated the factory until March, 1876, when Gartside sold out to A. H. Morgan, of Oskaloosa, Iowa, and D. P. Epperson, of DeSoto, Illinois. In addition to the machinery above mentioned, there have been put in two sets of manufacturing cards, two spinning machines, four looms, and a knitting machine. The mill will now be operated under the firm name of Maiden, Morgan & Epperson.

The first carding machine was established in 1855, by Hutton & Martin.

The Union Mills—Were built by Joseph Wikidal in 1866. Wikidal sold to Collins & West in 1874. In 1875, J. R. Lewis bought the mill and refitted or reconstructed the entire machinery. The mill is now doing an excellent business, estimated at about 99 barrels of flour per day, and is owned by Messrs. J. R. Lewis & Co.

The Page County Herald, continued.—(See page 19). The publication of the paper was continued by Shoemaker & Co., and by C. B. Shoemaker, up to August, 1862, when the editor and proprietor enlisted in the service of his country. From the time Shoemaker left the *Herald* until 1864, it was conducted by T. R. Stockton for and in the interest of Shoemaker. In 1864 W. T. Smith published it under the name of *Observer*. In 1866 the *Herald* became the property of George H. Powers, who, in 1867, became the sole proprietor. The *Herald* soon became one of the leading County journals of the State, and reached the acme, at least, of its former glory. In politics it has

always been Republican. In 1874 the *Herald* office was burned to the ground, with all its contents. Its loss was severely felt by all. The proprietor soon re-established it, and, as was said of the temple at Jerusalem, "the latter house was greater than the former." In 1875 the *Herald* again changed proprietors, and passed into the hands of Ralph Robinson, Esq., under whose management it now makes its regular visits to its many friends and subscribers.

The Page County Democrat.—The *Democrat* was established in August, 1868, by James Arrick. In December, 1868, N. C. Ridenour became the editor and proprietor. Under his management it has held its own; perhaps no other man could have been successful. It is needless to say that it is Democratic in politics, and, as such, has its friends and its enemies.

Nebraska Township.—The largest farm in Nebraska is that one owned by John H. Ligget, on sections 24, 25—439 acres; E. J. Spaulding, sections 13, 24—162 acres; Jefferson Kelly, sections 23, 24—290 acres; Samuel Gorman, sections 22, 23—160 acres; E. M. Gilchrist, sections 23, 24, 25—310 acres; C. W. Foster, sections 22, 23—200 acres, sold to Nathan Strong; A. M. Collier, sections 13, 14—443 acres; J. H. Bean, sections 13, 14—194 acres; J. S. McFarland, sections 11, 12—220 acres.

Hawleyville Business View.—E. J. Spaulding, dry goods and groceries; Bean & Paschal, groceries; C. B. Carlson, groceries; George Collier, dry goods; Bean & Paschal, general merchandise; R. A. Miller, druggist; William Owen, groceries; John Frank, boots and shoes; David Morgan, carriage and wagon maker; A. M. Collier, grist mill; G. H. Rumbaugh and C. M. Paschal, physicians; John Love, hotel. The Methodists have a church, and the Disciples a congregation.

Hawleyville has a brick school house, and a school population of 160. The district township has three school houses, and a school population of 151.

Amity Township.—The real estate seems to be nearly equally divided in Amity Township. A farm of less than 160 acres has not yet been mentioned; several in Amity go over this, as the following will show: William McLarnon, section 9, 320 acres; Geo. McCullough, section 26, 27, 433 acres—settled in 1858; William McLean, sections 16, 23, 2, 345 acres; D. R. Pollock, sections 28, 29, 179 acres; William Ream, sections 30, 31, 365 acres; John Butler, section 2—settled in 1854; A. T. Prest, southwest quarter of section 9, 160 acres; W. B. White, sections 11, 14, 160 acres; G. W. Yapple, section 8, 200 acres; J. A. Reid, sections 19, 20, 280 acres (Mr. Reid is one among the first settlers in this Township); J. Y. McCullough, section 11, 160 acres; William McMichael, Sr., section 3, 160; J. W. McKinley, sections 8, 5, 20, 215 acres; M. Kunkle (besides considerable in Buchanan) on section 12, 106 acres; Fred Nelson, sections 6, 7, 216 acres, besides considerable in other Townships, especially in Colfax; Henry McMichael, sections 23, 24, 402 acres, sold to W. C. Taggart; John P. Wolf, southwest $\frac{1}{4}$ of the northeast $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 20.

Amity contains nine school houses and one independent district containing a population of 169. The houses estimated at \$9,900.

Business View of College Springs.—R. H. Lymer, druggist; D. R. Pollock, dry goods; A. J. Birdsall & Co., hardware; C. M. Johnson, E. R. Powers, and Johnson & Leslie, harness; Alexander McGregor and D. M. Scoggan, dry goods and clothing; I. N. Stanton, meat market; O. W. Spicer, C. A. Whittier, T. Irvine, and R. H. Lymer, physicians; A. T. McDill, editor and publisher of the *Little Preacher*—a Sab-

bath school paper; Gowdy & Beckett, bookstore and editors and publishers of the *College Springs Courier*.

Morton Township.—As has been stated, the first settlers were the Fletchers. The next settlement was made on section 34, by H. A. Durbon, in 1867. Mr. Durbon has a farm of 354 acres; N. B. Easton, sections 35, 26, 440 acres; William R. Pennington, sections 22, 23, 21, 400 acres; David Wingert, sections 19 and 20, 320 acres; William H. Wheeler, sections 25, 36, 240 acres; John Walrod, sections 21, 17, 240 acres; Jonathan Uhl, section 17, 240 acres; Charles Henderson, sections 23, 13, 240 acres. The largest farm in Morton is that owned by Andrew McCormick, on sections 15, 16, 22, 840 acres.

Morton has six school houses, and a school population of 168.

Before the reader can pass from the history of Morton, he is invited to read the history of "Lone Rock." Lone Rock is situated on section 15, about 100 rods southeast of Lone Rock school house. The Rock is of the boulder family, and is about twenty feet long, ten or twelve feet wide, and stands about six or eight feet above ground at the highest point; how far it extends into the earth has not been decided. William Rector, an aged Methodist minister, traveling from Fremont County to the Tarkios, discovered this huge monster in 1851, and he, perhaps, was the first white man that saw it—at least the government surveyor gives no account of it in the original field notes. The writer saw this rock in 1872, and even then the marks of the white man's sledge could be seen.

Tarkio Township.—Large Farms.—T. R. Maxon, section 16, 200 acres; William Simpson, sections 25, 26, 27, 195 acres; Nicholas Snodderly, section 23, 185 acres; W. J. Spunaugle, section 25, 160 acres; John

M. Loudon, section 33, 168 acres; Hiram Lambée, section 22, 165 acres; J. K. King, sections 33, 34, 191 acres, and 80 acres in Lincoln; B. Harrell, sections 34, 35, 440 acres; P. A. Griffey, sections 26, 27, 230 acres; T. J. Garnett, sections 11, 14, 15, 220 acres; J. N. Edwards, section 29, 160 acres; L. E. Dougherty, section 31, 160 acres; Isaac Duke, section 19, 160 acres; John Duke, section 8, 240 acres; D. Cheshire, section 34, 168 acres; G. Rich, section 27, 165 acres; E. P. Rhodes, section 18, 160 acres; Marshal Brown, section 3, 240 acres; R. N. Baker, sections 21, 28, 198 acres; John Burton, sections 27, 28, 170 acres; O. H. Brewer, sections 29, 17, 217 acres; G. H. Ferris, sections 33, 34, 117 acres; Amos Apple, section 14, 219 acres; Z. P. Anderson, sections 30, 31, 245 acres; Lewis Akin, section 30, 160 acres, sold to Mr. Dutton.

Besides, Tarkio has a village, which has no name; if Miller Station could be moved one mile southeast, it could be properly called Miller's Station. At this place they have a good school house, J. L. Maxwell a store, and R. J. Mason a blacksmith shop.

Tarkio has six school houses, and a school population of 244.

Colfax Township—Large Farms.—A. Z. Armour, sections 10, 12, 280 acres; Thomas Boyle, sections 14, 15, 23, 165 acres; Jack H. Gillihan, sections 4, 5, 8, 9, 380 acres; John Iker, sections 16, 21, 20, 17, 317 acres; Alexander Henderson, sections 24, 25, 195 acres; Samuel Heron, sections 11, 17, 260 acres; Alexander Montgomery, sections 4, 5, 324 acres; Fred Nelson, sections 1, 2, 19, 16, 21, 620 acres; J. H. Palmer, sections 8, 5, 220 acres; Isaiah Powers, section 24, 125 acres; Horace Pratt, sections 24, 15, 160 acres; Allen Searcy, sections 13, 24, 15, 345 acres; Robert Whittaker, sections 26, 24, 245 acres; Orestes Wetmore, section 23, 160 acres.

Willsburg Post-office is in Colfax Township, near the southwest corner.

Colfax has six school houses, and a school population of 195. As regards schools, Colfax is in good condition.

Washington Township—Large Farms.—B. Carey, sections 30, 19, 21, 400 acres; George Cato, section 20, 160 acres; E. Comfort, section 19, 160 acres; N. B. Chresenson, section 1, 160 acres; B. C. Freeman, sections 29, 32, 31, 220 acres; P. P. Greene, section 19, 160 acres; H. Hamilton, section 26, 160 acres; B. A. Hardenburg, section 12, 160; J. Montague, section 16, 160 acres; William McElheany, section 6, 400 acres; J. B. Newman, sections 14, 29, 280 acres; J. H. Porter, section 28, 160 acres; D. A. Peck, section 21, 155 acres; J. Reimers, section 34, 400 acres; R. W. Vanter, section 2, 160 acres; J. Washburne, section 11, 160 acres; C. Wilkinson, section 30, 31, 160 acres

Washington contains a village and post-office—Walkerville.

Washington has four good school houses, some of the best in the County, and a school population of 230.

Harlan Township—Large Farms.—The land in Harlan seems to be nearly equally divided, there being only a few of more than 160 acres; among the owners thereof may be mentioned W. W. Dugan, sections 29, 30, 340 acres; J. R. Hinchman, section 12, 160 acres, sold to Mr. Turner; Isaac Kenney, sections 14, 11, 260 acres; F. Muller, sections 9, 10, 312 acres, sold to W. P. Henderson; John McLarnon, sections 33, 34, 280 acres; John McNutt, section 10, 15, 228 acres; George McPherrin, section 16, 320 acres; Samuel Pinkerton, sections 25, 27, 28, 360 acres; R. H. Pine, section 19, 160 acres; Joseph Riggle, section 18, 160 acres; John C. Steves, section 18, 242 acres; Philander Thompson,

section 30, 255 acres; James Taggart, section 29, 200 acres; William Orr, section 29, 160 acres; H. W. McConnell, section 17, 160 acres; David McKee, section 14, 160 acres; William McLean, sections 35, 36, 200 acres; George Standage, sections 18, 19, 160 acres; William Standage, section 19, 160 acres.

In schools, Harlan is independent, with six school houses, and a school population of 341.

Lincoln Township.—Lincoln, like Harlan, is nearly equally divided; Gottlieb Meyers owns, perhaps, the largest farm in the Township, on section 13, 23, 10, 410 acres; Alex. Johnson, sections 21, 22, 180 acres; Reuben Baldwin, sections 16, 20, 204 acres; Henry Annan, sections 13, 24, 388 acres; J. R. Knox, sections 13, 22, 240 acres; G. T. Loy, sections 10, 11, 169 acres; John Monzingo, sections 32, 33, 220 acres; Fred Nelson, sections 34, 35, 320 acres; William Runion, sections 8, 9, 235 acres; Margaret Snider, section 16, 320 acres; Joshua Skinner, sections 27, 28, 200 acres; J. Shaw, section 10, 249 acres; J. W. Turner, sections 26, 27, 200 acres; James Woodworth, section 23, 160 acres; B. V. Draper, sections 7, 18, 280 acres, etc., etc.

Lincoln contains a post-office, Snow Hill. S. D. Dunmire, an old settler, was the first postmaster, and Lincoln contains a mill at this point.

In schools Lincoln is also independent, and contains six school houses, and a school population of 295.

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

Board of Supervisors.—The first meeting of the Board of Supervisors took place at Clarinda, January 7, 1861. The members present were George Ribble, of Nodaway; Joseph A. Reid, of Amity; M. A. Jones, of Pierce; Robert Maxwell, of Buchanan; Elisha Thomas, of Nebraska; Wilson Bellis, of Fre-

mont; J. L. Black, of Douglas; Moses Thompson, of East River; John P. West, of Valley; Wm. Butler of Harlan; James Hammill, of Washington; John Monzingo, of Lincoln; George Miller, of Tarkio.

Changes in the Board of Supervisors for 1862.—C. W. Foster, of Tarkio; Wm. Graves, of Nebraska; Wm. Orme, of Valley; D. I. McCord, of Washington. George Ribble, President.

Changes in the Board for 1863.—D. T. Hunt, of Pierce; James Hammill, of Washington.

Changes in the Board for 1864.—Edward Hollis, of Valley; George Otte, of Douglas; Wesley Hall, of Fremont; George Miller, of Tarkio; J. H. Buckingham, of Nebraska.

Changes in the Board for 1865.—Wilson Bellis, of Fremont; D. M. Farrens, of Buchanan; G. R. Davidson, of Lincoln. George Ribble, President.

Changes in the Board for 1866.—James Shepherd of Valley; George W. Newson, of Douglas; Daniel Chesshire, of Tarkio; J. W. Pruyn, of Harlan; W. W. Russell, of Washington; George McCullough, of Amity. G. R. Davidson, President.

Changes in the Board for 1867.—A. J. Chantry, of Fremont; James R. Hinchman, of Nodaway; S. G. Wright, of Amity; Robert Maxwell, of Buchanan. W. W. Russell, President.

Changes in the Board for 1868.—A. J. Beavers, of Valley; Levi Reeves, of Douglas; E. Miller, of Tarkio; T. A. McAlpin, of Nebraska; J. P. Harris, of East River; T. A. Prest, of Amity; Lewis Connor, of Harlan.

Changes in the Board for 1869.—Wilson Bellis, of Fremont; I. J. Jones, of Pierce; John Aiken, of Tarkio; William Butler, of Nodaway; J. W. Turner, of Lincoln; J. B. Short, of Washington; J. N. Tomlinson, of Buchanan. William Butler, President.

Changes in the Board for 1870.—Daniel McCoy, of

Valley; F. A. McDonald, of Grant; T. J. Garnett, of Tarkio; Anthony Loran, of Nodaway; William McLean, of Harlan; N. C. Martin, of Buchanan. A. Loran, President.

The old Board system closed in 1870, and the new Board held its first session in 1871; Isaac Damewood, William McLean, and T. J. Bracken were the first members. Other members have been elected in the order in which their names occur: James W. Turner, elected in 1871; John X. Griffith, 1872; George McCullough, 1873; Samuel Gorman, 1874; John X. Griffith, 1875; O. Wetmore, 1876.

County Judge (to fill vacancy) William M. Alexander, elected in 1868.

Auditors.—William M. Alexander, elected in 1869, and re-elected in 1871, 1873, and 1875.

Treasurers.—Henry Dorsey, elected in 1867 and re-elected in 1869; Henry Loran, elected in 1871 and re-elected in 1873 and 1875.

Sheriffs.—George W. Burns, elected in 1867; J. J. Round, elected in 1869; Isaac Damewood, elected in 1871 and re-elected in 1873 and 1875.

Superintendents of Schools.—William Stryker, appointed to fill the unexpired term of J. T. Anderson; J. A. Woods, elected in 1867; T. J. Garnett, appointed to fill unexpired term; E. Miller, elected in 1869 and re-elected in 1871; Hugh Woten, elected in 1873; E. Miller, elected in 1875.

Surveyors.—T. J. Garnett, elected in 1867; W. R. Callicotte, elected in 1869 and re-elected in 1871; J. W. McKinley, elected in 1873; L. A. Russell, elected in 1875.

Coroners.—Frank E. Norton, elected in 1869; A. J. Adams, elected in 1871; P. W. Lewellen, 1873; Thomas Evans, 1875.

Clerks of the Courts.—William W. Russell, elected in 1868, and re-elected in 1870 and 1872; Joseph E. Hill, elected in 1874 and re-elected in 1876.

Recorders.—Daniel J. DeLong, elected in 1870; Thomas Wallace, elected in 1872; James L. Brown, elected in 1874 and re-elected in 1876.

Representatives.—Charles Linderman, elected in 1865—resigned and Dr. N. L. Van Sandt elected to fill the unexpired term; Joseph Cramer, elected in 1867; William Butler, elected in 1869 and re-elected in 1871; A. J. Chantry, elected in 1873; E. B. Hoag, elected in 1875.

State Senators.—N. B. Moore, elected in 1867; J. S. McIntyre, elected in 1871.

GENERAL HISTORY OF THE COUNTY.

CHURCHES.

Nearly all denominations of Christians are represented. The Methodists are, perhaps, the most numerous; classes or societies can be found in almost every neighborhood. They have one chapel in Clarinda, one in College Springs, one in Shenandoah, one in Hawleyville, and one at Page City.

The Presbyterians and Baptists are well represented. The Reformed Presbyterians (Covenanters) have a church or chapel about four miles southwest of Clarinda, with a membership of about 200. The United Presbyterians have a congregation and chapel in Clarinda and in College Springs. But the largest congregation in the County is that of the Swedes, in Fremont Township; this congregation numbers about 500 members.

SCHOOLS.

There are according to the secretaries' reports, (1876) 120 school houses, worth \$82,324. These schools, when all in session,—which is always the case in winter,—require 135 teachers. The whole number of persons between five and twenty-one years of age is 6,040. There are eleven district townships and forty-four independent districts. The average compensation of teachers, male and female, per month is \$33.96. The aggregate amount of the school house fund in the last year is \$25,580.26; contingent fund, \$16,445.55; total amount paid teachers in the same time, \$48,602.

THE FINANCIAL CONDITION

Of Page County is excellent. All County orders or warrants are worth their face, and only a few times, and at short intervals, have orders been at a discount. This state of things can only be accounted for in this way: That the County has always been fortunate in selecting the men who control the County business; these, in the main, have been the best that could have been selected. Of course this reference is to the County Judges and Boards of Supervisors, who have mainly controlled the finances of the County, and to the worthy Auditor, (only had one) William M. Alexander, who understands his business to a dot, and to the people who made the selections is this happy state of things attributable.

BRIDGES.

There is no County west of the Atlantic and east of the Pacific—age considered—that is as well supplied with good and substantial bridges as Page County. Look on the Nodaways at the covered bridges; look on Nishnabotna and the Tarkios; then look, if you please, at all the little streams and gullies where roads cross at all, and you will see good bridges, many of them Howe-truss and iron structures.

LIST OF MECHANICS.

Blacksmiths.—D. C. Chamberlain & Co.; Keener & Thompson; Boggs & Tidball; W. B. Shaffer; Chris. Tasche.

Carpenters—Berry Brothers, M. Jones & Sons, J. S. Stripe, Hiram Mackey, George Elliott, Thomas Maloñe, Hurlbut & Henshaw, Danl. Clevenger, W. I. Black, Robert Miller, W. Tweed.

Cabinet Makers—A. T. Clement, Robt. B. Hite, Chas. Mackey.

House and Sign Painters—Oscar Henshaw, John Trusdall, Jas. Caldwell, W. H. Clipson.

Boot and Shoe Makers—H. Ruechel, C. Peterson, H. Salsgiver, John Thomas.

Gun Smith—G. B. Snodderly.

Tin Smith—Thomas Evans.



APPENDIX.

THE Appendix, in a few cases, has been anticipated in the body of the work, which is limited to the 4th day of July, 1876. This Appendix is designed to bring the work up to the *very latest news*. Many valuable improvements have been made since the above mentioned date. The new brick block in Clarinda, which is admired by all who see it, includes the First National Bank building and Craig's, which is designed for a store room, offices, etc. The cost of the Bank building itself is something over \$10,000 and it is certainly one of the best bank buildings in the State.

The new school house in Essex, now in the hands of the contractor, according to the *Index* is to be one of the best school houses in the county.

The new dwelling of Capt. W. W. Morsman, in Clarinda, also deserves mention.

The Normal Institute claims attention. The third session held in this county commenced on the 24th of July, and closed August 18th, 1876, with an attendance of one hundred and fifty-two teachers. The in-

structors were as follows: Prof. J. A. Woods, Written Arithmetic and English Grammar; W. R. Callicotte, Orthography and Mental Arithmetic; Miss M. A. Simpson, Reading; H. Woten, Geography; Miss M. L. Bennett, History and Physiology.

THE ELECTION.

The election in this county is a part of its history. The returns of the election held on the 7th day of November, 1876, stand as follows:

TOWNSHIPS.	<i>President.</i>			<i>Clerk.</i>		<i>Rec'rdr.</i>		<i>Sup'vr.</i>	
	HAYES R. B....	<i>Willon S. J.....</i>	Cooper Peter....	Jo. E. Hill....	J. Mentzer.....	J. L. Brown....	C. M. Stafford.	O. WENDORE..	D. Abbott.....
Valley.....	77	79	37	84	109	77	115	77	115
Douglas.....	90	26	19	90	42	85	49	89	42
Fremont.....	122	24		122	24	121	25	122	24
Pierce.....	146	103		144	105	146	103	146	103
Grant.....	248	90	20	237	121	253	106	252	106
Tarkio.....	107	41	15	106	57	107	55	104	57
Nodaway....	432	146	65	437	202	409	222	416	221
Nebraska....	99	44	5	91	53	71	74	91	55
E. River.....	91	81	17	91	97	91	98	91	98
Harlan.....	113	18	3	114	20	113	21	114	20
Lincoln.....	100	67	2	100	48	100	48	100	49
Morton.....	80	29	10	78	41	80	29	80	29
Washing'tn	93	21	7	94	27	94	27	95	26
Colfax.....	89	26		87	24	89	25	95	19
Amity.....	253	19	1	254	20	250	24	252	20
Buchanan...	103	67	16	103	83	102	84	103	83
Total.....	2243	861	217	2232	1073	2188	1105	2227	1067
Majorities	1382			1159		1083		1160	

NOTE.—Republicans in SMALL CAPITALS; Democrats in *italics*; Independents in Roman.

CENSUS RETURNS, 1875.

According to the census returns of 1875, the total population of Page County,—including white and colored,—is 14,274: The number of dwelling houses, 2687. But judging from the number of votes cast at the late election, which was 3,425, the population must now be between 15,000 and 20,000.

CORN CROP.

The corn crop of 1876 is estimated as follows:—The aggregate number of acres in the county is 355,200—take one-third of this for the number of acres in corn, (look over your farms and see if this is correct)—this amounts to 118,400 acres in corn; take the average at 50 bushels per acre (Tarkio averages sixty bushels, according to accounts,) and it amounts to 5,920,000 bushels. This, at 25 cents per bushel, will bring one million four hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments from Clarinda in one year:—300 car loads of hogs; 240 car loads of cattle; 8 car loads of sheep; 19 car loads of flaxseed; 21 car loads of barley; 14 car loads of oats; 19 car loads of corn. About 80,000 bushels of coal from the mines near Clarinda. 123 car loads of lumber received.

Essex.—150 car loads of corn; 450 car loads of all kinds of grain. 76 car loads of lumber received.

Hepburn.—23 car loads of cattle; 30 car loads of hogs; 39 car loads of corn; 19 car loads of barley. Four car loads of lumber received.

The shipments from Shenandoah are equal to those of Clarinda or Essex. In live stock, Clarinda perhaps excels.

HIGH WATER.

Be it remembered that on the 10th day of Sep-

tember, 1876, the waters in the Nodaway River were higher than ever known since the first settlement of the county. The waters were three feet above the floor in the new covered bridge east of Clarinda.

THE "HERALD" AGAIN.

It has been said that history repeats itself; so it is. Maj. C. B. Shoemaker has, after an absence of fourteen years, returned to preside over the *Herald* office, as in 1859. It is sincerely hoped that he may not be called away to use the sword; but that he may be permitted to use the pen and keep the people of this county "posted" in the news at *least* for the next thirty-three years.

ERRORS.

On page 42, Amos Cuning "wounded severely in the hand," instead of the "head."

On page 68, the manuscript says, "the iron horse gallops down the valley of the Nishnabotna," as that road was built before the Nodaway Valley Road; though it is true of both.

On page 70, "H. C. Hurt," instead of H. C. "Hunt."

On page 75, Christian Hamm, on section 27, instead of "57."

On page 73, the punctuation makes "old settler and stock dealer" apply to Mr. Chandler, instead of Mr. Goff, though it may be true of both.

On page 73, in Swede, it should be blefvo instead of "blefoo." Also, on the same page, the words "skol-system" should be "skol-systemet."

On page 87, it should be R. W. Vawter instead of "Vanter."

On page 84, it should be Wm. Reave, instead of "Ream."

On page 64, the reader may wonder why the pa-

renthetical clause, "cannot call it battle" is there. The reading should be, "cannot call it little affair." But the reading, as it stands, is accepted, and the reason is that it was wholesale slaughter on both sides.

In the list of mechanics of Clarinda, the occupation of W. B. Shaffer should be wagonmaker, instead of blacksmith.

Note.—In this history the word "proprietor" has, in some cases, been used in the sense of occupant.

It has been stated that B. R. Tanner started the Western House, in Clarinda, but the real proprietor is J. S. Cathcart.

OMISSIONS.

Page City.—This town, in Harlan township, has not been mentioned. It is a neat little village and contains one church.

In the condensed view of Clarinda, the popular book store of Callicotte & Bracken, has been omitted.

Also, the popular dry goods firm of Leech & Thompson.

Several ancient business houses have been omitted. A. Collins in the hardware business, in 1864, and Collins & Thompson, 1871, and Collins alone afterward has not been mentioned; and still later, Collins in dry goods, etc., on the south side of the square, at present. Also Loran & Hawley, and Curtis & Hawley in 1861.

The name of the popular physician, Dr. J. C. Holmes, has been omitted in the business directory of Clarinda.

The name of Robert Young, a subscriber living on the n $\frac{1}{2}$ ne 21, Harlan township, has been accidentally omitted.

As reference has been made to the farms of H. N. Cramer and the Neff or Collins farm, it is proper to locate them: H. N. Cramer, ne and n $\frac{1}{2}$ se se section 12, 68, 37, 240 acres. The Collins farm on nw section 12, 68,

37. The names of some of the old settlers have been omitted; that of Milo Preston, in Lincoln township. Mr. Preston operated the first little saw mill that was built on the Tarkio, on sec. 9.

Wm. Butler settled in Harlan township at an early day, and drove a yoke of oxen, and rode on the coupling pole of the wagon,—afterwards a distinguished Representative.

Mrs. S. E. Field taught the first school in Shenandoah. Miss Maggie King taught the first school in Essex. In the advertisement of John Calhoun the establishment should be 1862 instead of 1872.

On page 37 the name of J. Lee Marsh, a soldier, appears, and the records have it that he was reduced to ranks. One of his comrades in arms states that this was done at his own request, so that there is not a shade of discredit about it.

The relations of Page county to the State:

The Republican Elector-at-Large (1876) was Col. W. P. Hepburn, of Page county. The county was represented by Charles Linderman in the office of Clerk of the Supreme Court of Iowa for a number of years.

Dr. G. H. Rumbaugh served as surgeon on the battle field of Shiloh.

It has been stated that Wm. L. Burge filled the unexpired term of R. F. Connor as County Judge. It should have been the unexpired term of William Shearer.

The names of other distinguished men might have been given but for want of space. This matter, however, will be reserved for a revision in which the biographies of the distinguished will be given.

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37. B. B. Hutton, ne section 11, and C. Pfander, nw 11, 68, R 37. This is the part of Harlan included in Nodaway, page 24—mistake.

CONCLUSION.

The thanks of the writer is extended to Mr. R. I. Holcombe, the compositor, for assistance rendered, and for his patience in correcting proofs, and to "Vete" Hutchings, the pressman, and to Mr. Ralph Robinson, and to all the printers at the offices of the *Herald* and *Democrat*.

And now, in the twenty-fifth year of the existence of Page as a county,—in the thirtieth year of the Commonwealth of Iowa,—in the eighth year of the administration of U. S. Grant as President of the United States,—in the one hundred and first year of American Independence,—and on the first day of the twelfth month of the year of our Lord 1876, is this History of Page County submitted to the consideration of good people of this "earthly kingdom," and to their successors *ad infinitum*.



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